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Sources of the Nile .- There is more trouble in reference to the honor of this discovery. The Venetian traveller Miani has addressed a letter to Sir Roderick Murchison, President of the Geographical Society in London, in which he solemnly protests against the discovery of the sources of the Nile by Speke and Grant. He says in his letter, "Myself, on the 1st of February, 1860, in latitude 4 deg., desired to pass the cataracts of Maredo in a small boat, for I saw the Nile flowing from the southeast, but my escort left me. Then I travelled again with 100 soldiers, 150 carriers, and 12 mules (among the Bari), along the banks of the Nile, and could, therefore, not be mistaken. After six days I fell in with a range of hills, called Gniri, between which the river forms a succession of rapids, and which I followed for two geographical degrees. The Messrs. Speke and Grant have not seen this chain of bills; it extends from southeast to northwest, and its average height is not above one thousand feet. In Labore I engaged an interpreter, because I now travelled among the Anidi, an unknown tribe, speaking a different language from the Bari. After passing latitude 3 deg. in the land of the Odique, I discovered a river which comes from the east and empties into the Nile, called by the natives Acioa. I then traversed the cata-

racts of Meri, where I found, for the first ne good drinkable water, and arrived on 28th March, 1860, at Galaffi, where the Gniri chain of hills terminates. Here I saw the Nile navigable, coming from the west. I was then in 2 deg. North latitude and 31 deg. eastern longitude, at a distance of about 3,000 miles from the mouth of the Nile, and only required a month to reach its source. From Galaffi to Gondocoro I required 40 days. As we were 3,000 feet above the level of the sea, the temperature was cool; the centigrade thermometer not showing more than from 22 to 23 deg. at noon (about 73 deg. Fahrenheit). \* \* The wet season had already set in. The rain fell in torrents. \* \* Natives of Galaffi, whom I asked, told me the sources of the Nile are in Patico, the last of their lands on the frontier of Galla, where they are called Ame. They told me that in moving against the sun one must pass through twelve countries to reach the source of the Meri, but following the meanderings of the river it took fifteen days. I asked them if they knew of any lakes, which they denied." From all this the Venetian traveller con-

cludes that the sources of the true Nile are under the equator, in longitude 34 deg. east, parallel with the mountain Kenta. He then declares that the river discovered by the two English travellers, Speke and Grant, is not the Nile, but only one of its tributaries, known for years as the Lake Tome, in latitude 2 degrees north. This river is situated eight days' journey west of Gondocoro, is called by the natives Gili, runs through Giambara, then changes its name into Giur, and finally empties into the Bahar el Garal. "Before a traveller passes the point which I reached," says Miani, "or denies from personal inspection what I have here stated, I consider myself the only Nile authority who can decide the course of this river up to the 3d degree of north latitude, and to whoever says that he discovered its sources, I must answer: 'You have seen this river in latitute 4 deg. north."

The whole of this matter will be placed before the Geographical Society of London at its

THE COTTON PROSPECT .- The N. Y. World says notwithstanding the war between the North and South has now been going on for two years and a quarter there has yet been no scarcity of cotton in the markets of the world sufficient to compel the nations, as was predicted would be the case, to acknowledge the Confederacy from sheer necessity of clothing material. Those who anticipated an immediate effect of this character overlooked the fact that the American crops of 1858, 1859, and 1860 averaged an excess over the demand of 1,000,000 bales for each year, thus giving an accumulation at the commencement of the of 3,000,000 bales. The consumption on

sees of the Atlantic since the discovery of gold in California and Australia has been about 3,000,000, and thus this excessive supply was equal to one year's demand. It passed through the looms of the world-an extra spinning force being employed during those three years—and remained on hand awaiting consumption. There is also always in most countries

stock in store equal to two years' demand. Thus the world was independent of the South for at least three years. That time will have passed by next spring, and then will come the want that it was expected would be felt immediately. By that time the ports of the South should be opened, for Europe will then be asking for cotton with an urgency that cannot pass unheeded. Unless the war is pushed with an energy that will close the struggle before next May, new difficulties will meet us more embarrassing than any that have yet been encountered. The following estimate is made, and is believed to be correct, of the number of bales of cotton which will be possessed by the South at the beginning of the next commercial year:

.1,000,000 bales

Stock on hand on the 1st of September, 1863..... Other estimates that have been published are inaccurate, from the fact that the consumption by the South itself, which is here set down at 1,500,000 bales, was not included. It is probable that at least a year would be required after the consummation of a peace before transportation facilities could be restored so as to effect an export equal to any year just previous to the war. It is reasonable to suppose that the demand for the staple, under favora-

ble circumstances, in 1864 will considerably

exceed the demand of 1860 or 1861. On the first of September the warehouses of the world will contain only about 6 months' supply of cotton and cotton goods, while they should contain sufficient for two years. There will be 7,000,000 bales less on hand than there were at the beginning of the war, and a deof 4,000,000 which the production m other parts of the world will help very little to satisfy. It is evident, then, that if

tion, and which has always been a very great admirer of Gen. McClellan, speaks as follows of Gen. Meade, who has since proved himself worthy of the high praises bestowed on him:

We have already spoken of Gen. Meade, as we believe his great merits and good qualities deserve. All things being equal, we would prefer Gen. Meade to any other General in the service. We believe him eminently fitted to command. He is a man of untiring industry, command. He is a man of untiring industry, unquestioned bravery, combined with a most therough and complete knowledge of every branch of the military art. If great energy is required, he has it; if great engineering skill is necessary either to overcome or construct defences, he has it—in fact we should say he has all the caution and ability of McClellan, with more energy and force to follow up any advantage he may gain over the enemy.

[For the Louisville Journal.] ACCIDENTS AND INCIDENTS OF THE WAB.

Immediately after the battle of Perryville, orders were issued for an attack upon the enemy's line at daylight next morning, and a portion of the night of the 8th was spent by our troops preparing for battle next day. I was with Gen. Gilbert during the entire night. We were on horseback until 12 P. M, when we bivouacked in a cornfield, where some stacks of fodder served as very comfortable beds. During the night the enemy decamped, leaving their dead and wounded upon the field, and when morning dawned we were in quiet possession of the field, and were consequently obliged to have the dead buried and the

wounded removed to hospitals.

Oct. 10th —We left camp at 9 A. M. and camped half a mile east of Perryville. Hundreds of the rebel dead still remain unburied.

We are still pushing the enemy vigorously. Oct. 11th.—Kirby Smith has effected a junc-ture with Bragg. Sill will join us this afternoon or early to-morrow.
5 o'clock, P. M.—We have received march ing orders; it appears that the enemy have skedaddled again.
20 minutes of 10 P. M.—We have arrived in

camp, and, as is usual in such cases, we have no shelter or supper. The enemy are falling back on Camp Dick Robinson.

October 12th, 25 Minutes of 10 A. M.—The troops are now leaving camp. Camped at 4 P. M.; we are but four miles from where we started, though we have marched over fifteen miles during the day.

started, though we have marched over fifteen miles during the day.

October 13th.—I accompanied a flag of truce, borne by Capt. Long, 4th U. S. C., to the enemy's lines. The flag was fired on. We met Col. Ashby, Maj. W. P. G. Breckinridge, Capt. Wm. Jones, and Lieut. Taylor, all of Morgan's Brigade. We had a long conversation with these gentlemen. They confess that their men are poorly fed and poorly clothed. They also say that they are tired of the war and wish it was over. There are hundreds of men on both sides who are in the same fix. We delivered one hundred and sixty-nine paroled prisoners to the enemy. sixty-nine paroled prisoners to the enemy.

Oct. 14th, 4½ A. M.—The regiments are now leaving camp. 3½ P. M. We are now within four miles of Lancaster. The rebels are still running and we are pursuing them rapidly. 4 P. M. Skirmishing is now going on in our front. Our van guard is shelling the rear of the enemy. 8 P. M. We have bivouack-

brisk skirmishing early this morning. Came through Lancaster at 9 o'clock. The Union colors are now waving over the Lancaster courthouse. We are in rapid pursuit of Kirby Smith. The citizens of Lancaster hailed our entree into their town with the most enthusiastic demonstrations. dial welcome we received at Lancaster. Capt. John Ferry, of the Quartermaster's Department, went with a company of cavalry to Camp Dick Robinson, where he captured and paroled sixty rebels, a large quantity of beef and flour, and one small field piece. This was a gallant action, and honest Jack Ferry deserves great credit for suggesting and executing so neat a piece of business.

I was considerably amused to-day to hear a graduate of West Point describe some of the peculiarities of Buell and McClellan. We were talking of Buell's energy, when he remarked "that if Buell had as much energy in his head lial welcome we received at Lancaster. Capt

as in his foot, he certainly would be one of the most vigorous men in the world. Buell,' said he, "is the only man that ever attended West Point able to kick a football over north to the eaves must possess great physical power. The traditions of the Academy give the name of but one man who succeeded in kicking the ball over the barracks, and that name is Don Carlos Buell. When Buell was a lieutenant a large, burly fellow gave him some insolence and even forgot himself so far as to challenge Buell to fight him a fist fight. This was too much for the young Lieutenant. With the rapidity of thought he knocked the fellow down, and, with one kick, broke three of his ibs. While at the Academy, Buell was the eader of a set of cadets who were then considered aristocrats; he would descend to nothtains his characteristic honesty of purpose and pride of character. Our friend also told us that among the tests of strength in his time at the Academy was the grip of the knees when on horseback. A man who could make a horse squeal by gripping him with the knees was considered a No. 1 rider. Among those who excelled was McClellan and Fitz John

Porter. The former could make a horse squeal and the latter would make him squeal and o'clock P. M.—We are now at Crab Or cbard, a famous watering place. Marched 13 miles to-day. The rebels are still running. I suppose we will follow them over the mountains. The 3d corps did not move across the mountains as was anticipated. Its days were numbered. Jealousy and envy could not allow Gen. Gilbert, who had hitherto been sucuccessful, to remain in such a position; and there were not wanting men who were vain enough to suppose that if Gilbert were relieved they would supersede him in the command of the corps. The War Department, yielding to or-General. The result was that one of ou

best military men was relieved from a position of high usefulness to the army. In connection with this subject it may not a amiss to record the fact that Gen. Turchin never forgave Gilbert for preferring the charge against Col. Turchin which dismissed said of ficer from the army. Gilbert had no choice in the matter; in obedience to an order from Gen Buell, he investigated certain written complaints against Col. Turchin, and, in the dis charge of his duty as Inspector General of the Army of the Ohio, he preferred charges against Col. Turchin—charges which were proved, and which a board of officers thought sufficiently erious to cashier him for. Turchin had no ust ground of complaint against Gilbert, and ne would be sorely puzzled to give a sufficient reason for sending Gen. Gilbert word that he would work against him, and that he should not be confirmed in the appointment he had received. A little more than sixty years ago one Lt. Bonaparte dispersed a mob, and was rewarded by great promotion for so doing. Scarcely a year ago Capt. Gilbert saved an army from destruction, and his reward is slander

and detraction. The accidents of war presen The pursuit of the rebel forces was con cursued them a considerable distance across

rom the journal of a friend, belonging to Nelson's old division.

October 16th.—Left camp at 7½ A. M., and marched over a very rocky, mountainous, and uninhabited country. At 3 P. M., we passed through Mt. Vernon, and a short distance this side took the advance of the 5th division, and

marched 18 miles.

October 17th.—We took up the line of march at 8½ A. M., taking a southerly course over a mountainous, wild, rugged road—came as far as the top of Wildcat Mountain, and ened. The scenery here is varied and beau As far as the eye can see, there seems t be nothing but a succession of mountains and valleys. Slight skirmishing this evening. ber 18th-At 11 A. M., our brigade (the old 22d) went on a reconnoissance, and at 5 P. M. the advance, under Maj. Buckner, came up with some of the enemy, and had a sharp fight for some minutes, when the se-cesh ran. We were placed in line of battle, and remained so over night, without blanket captured a great many cattle and several strag-

Oct. 14th.—Our cavalry are still bringing in

20th -Reveille at 2 A. M. The 10th and 22d brigades went on a grand hunting excursion at 41/2 A. M. We marched 13 miles in a southeasterly direction, and returned to camp, having taken 18 head of cattle and 13 prisoners of war. The brigade arrived in camp at Nelson's cross roads about sundown.

Oct. 21st.—Remained in camp. Oct. 22d.—Reveille at 1 o'clock A. M. Prearations were made to march to Manchester destroy the saltworks. We marched all day, arriving at Manchester just after dark, a

Oct. 23d.—We remained in camp during the Detailed to eather the concluded within a month, it would require three or four seasons to restore the equilibrium of the market and a resturn of old prices.

The powder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished the rebels a million pounds of powder during the past year.

Detailed to destroy all the salt after the citizens tailed to destroy all the salt after the citizens tailed to destroy all the salt after the citizens tailed to destroy all the salt after the citizens that been supplied. Water was turned upon the salt, the pumps destroyed, and bores filled. This ended the campaign in Kentucky. The rebels fell back to their old line and Buell had already commenced moving his troops into Tennessee when he was relieved, whether justly or not it is not our province to decide.

The bowder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished the rebels a million pounds of powder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished the rebels a million pounds of powder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished the rebels a million pounds of powder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished the rebels a million pounds of powder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished the rebels a million pounds of powder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished the rebels a million pounds of powder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished the rebels a million pounds of powder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished the rebels a million pounds of powder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished the rebels a million pounds of powder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished the rebels a million pounds of powder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished the rebels a million pounds of powder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished the rebels a million pounds of powder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished the rebels a million pounds of powder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished the rebels a million pounds of powder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished the rebels a million pounds of powder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished the rebels a million pounds of powder mills at Augusta, Ga., have furnished

The Detroit Free Press, which is strongy if not bitterly opposed to the Administraion, and which has always been a very great
dmirer of Gen. McClellan, speaks as follows
f Gen. Meade, who has since proved himself sumed command of the Army of the Ohio, and no man is prouder than I am to know that he led that army to victory. To-day he is the most popular as well as the most succesful General we have yet had, and whether he possesses the genius of Buell or not, he certainly is fortunate. May he ever meet with success while battling for his country, and may he never feel what Buell must have felt when he never feel what Buell must have felt when he was assailed by unprincipled politicians in every radical press in the country, until they succeeded in destroying the confidence of the army in their leader. A good soldier will always love the man who leads him to battle and to victory, and is ninety-nine cases out of every hundred the soldier who abuses the officers commanding him is a poor and worthless soldier. Had I been Buell's bitterest enemy justice would compel me to write as I have, and were I his friend I could add nothing by words, of mine to the never-dying fame his words, of mine to the never-dying fame I record will give him. OLD SOLDIER.

[Correspondence of the Louisville Journal.] IN THE RHAR OF VICKSBURG, Miss., ? June 26, 1863.

Since the raging tempest of iron hail yes-terday, comparative quiet has reigned along our whole line. Many expected that the enemy would make an effort to drive Logan from his lodgement in the fort so heroically won, but as he knew how to win it, so also oes he know how to guard and retain it.

Orders came at 11 o'clock P. M., requiring all our troops to rest under arms, ready to b called into action at a moment's warning. N occasion provoked the necessity of being called out, as the rebs kept quiet. While witnessing the great demonstration along the ine, and the blowing up and the foothold ained in the rebel fort yesterday afternoon, I chanced to meet with a soldier of the 11th Indiana (McGinnis' Brigade), who was on picket the night before on left of 10th Di-vision. From him I obtained the following novel information, which I render in his own

You see there is disputed picket ground on our front, and the side that gets possession first generally holds it; so last night (24th) Gen. McGinnis ordered out his picket before ark, keeping the boys under cover until our pokout spied the rebel picket coming, when we took our places. As they ascended the bluff the Captain saw us, halted a moment, then moved forward again. Our Captain let em approach a little nearer, then yelled out Halt!" They stopped, and the rebel officer cried out, "You've got my position, sir!" 'Can't help it, reb; I got here first, and intend to hold the ground until fairly whipped out!" Oh, well, I don't see as our fighting here will be of any advantage to either side, so let's post our pickets and have a chat."
"Agreed," said our Captain, and the rebel officer soon came over and staid two hours! Our Captain asked him how long Pemberton intended to hold out, and he said until his peafour was gone, and his men got too weak to shoot. "Do you expect Johnston to help you out of the scrape?" said our Captain, and I watched him close to hear what he said. He told us, "Never mind about him. You'll hear from him one of these days;" and that is about all he would say about themselves.

Reader, draw your own conclusions. I am of the opinion that Johnston is not within 75 niles of Vicksburg, nor has not been for ten

Since my last letter, I have been able to gather severel items in regard to yesterday's conflict. General Logan's loss was 100 killed and wounded, and as many more up to noor to-day. He still holds the northeast corner o to-day. He still holds the northeast corner of the fort (which was blown up yesterday), and nothing but bags of sand protect his front. The most superhuman courage, alertness, and efficiency is required to hold this hotly contested position. The forlorn hope (my own designation) is relieved every half hour, and men are being killed or wounded in every relief. Not only are showers of bullets hurled at this point, but hand grenades are tossed among our men, and their artillery vigorous. among our men, and their artillery vigorously used to destroy those hastily constructed breastworks. Last night Logan attempted to plant a gun there. A squad of men were carrying in a heavy timber for the contion of a platform, when a solid shot from one of the rebel guns sent it twirring through the air, killing and wounding six men. They are now running a new mine which, when completed, will unmask the skulking traitors, and compel them to take a and ammunition, and a force estimated at six recious lives be lost, but Vicksburg must fall! our officers and men have sworn it, and never so earnestly and resolutely as now. is exhausting the patience of the anxious peo-ple in the North. Mercy's day is fast waning. Then surely, swiftly will dawn the day of Jus-

P. M.-Admiral Porter has been doing the most of the fighting since noon, but I know not the result. Just before dark, his guns were rapidly served on our extreme left above Warrenton. The mortar shells conthe Vicksburg branch of the so-called South-

n Confederacy.

To us Yankees, it is a grand and beautiful ght to see those creatures of Lucifer the lessrs. Shell — born midst fire, strife, and emoke, emanating from a black and pon-derous throat — flying from the mundane into the celestial sphere—toying with the stars—kissing blushing Miss Luna—hugging Venus—fighting Mars (doubtless through jealousy)—then dashing off into the midst of the family of Sir Asteroids—snubbing Pallas, the lamily of Sir Asteroida flitting with Vesta, dancing a jig with Irene, wellzing with Proserpina, promenading with Psyche, and finally falling in love with Flora; when along comes Uncle Jupiter and kicks the Hons. B. Shell down into Vicksburg deeming it a worse place of punishment than Hades! At this very moment they are going dades! At this very moment they are another, making an and coming down one after another, making a terrible fuss because they have been the down of celestial parlors. May this be a rise above the sphere created for them, and others to set themselves up as kings and rulers, and claim rank in the family of nations. June 27, 9 P. M.-Last night Logan completely flanked the disputed fort on the west Virtually he is in possession of the whole fort. and yet the enemy's rifle-pits command the rear—it being open. But, as Logan holds three sides and a firm lodgement inside—occupying nearly healf of the area, it can safely set down as being in Federal pos It has been won at dear cost to us (250 killed and wounded), but it may prove still more destructive to the enemy. The position is a very commanding one, and, within 24 hours, will

eal death and destruction to the rebels on From one of the ambulance drivers I learned hat the enemy has three distinct picket lines between Big Black and Champion Hills. He saw but a few companies of rebel infantry and only 100 cavalry. I am also informed that some of our wounded are still at Jackson, with no prospect of bringing them in until the fall of Vicksburg.

To-day Gen. Grant remarked that he intended to relieve that guard in V——of their arms and celebrate the 4th of July in the city! and he means just what he says. No further news from Johnston or any other rebel force near us on the line of Big Say to the anxious public, wait yet a little

while, and patience shall be amply rewarded.

CAPEZ ORION. Later-1 A. M., June 28th, 10th Division, 3th Corps.—Just returned from a tour through he rifle-pits in our extreme front. We have three approaches, all being vigorously pushed forward directly towards the main fort, situated on the principal road leading to the city. To give you some idea of the vastness of these werks, I will state their dimensions and probable length. The main pits are wide and deep enough to admit artillery and safely protect it, wagons of ammunition, etc. The whole extent of rifle-pits dug since the siege commence nelling, made one thousand fascines, built a dozen redoubts for artillery, and are now

wafted over on the midnight air, and I climbed to the top of the breastworks, at the risk of my scalp, to listen. Clear ground and bright moonlight was all around us. The rebs were singing the Marseilles, the national French anthem, doubtless a spontaneous sympathetic outburst. Nearer the city could be heard a brass band, also martial music. Deuced good feeling fellows, unless they are playing the

TEB CROWN PRINCE OF PRUSSIA .- The New York Tribune says a curious and quite unexpected incident has just intervened in the contest between the Crown and the people of Prussia, and may be of decisive influence upon its ultimate issue. The Crown Prince has openly and firmly ranged himself on the side of the opposition. In a public speech at Dantzic he declined all responsibility for the foolish decrees by which his obstinate father has estranged both the affections and the respect of the immense majority of his people The sincerity of this declaration was at first doubted by many Liberals, but, according to the latest accounts from Prussia, both the King and the Prince look upon it as something very serious. The King has demanded of the Prince a retraction of the views expressed in his address, and threatened to derive him, in case of his refusal, of all his dignities and appointments. In this trying and embarrassing position, the Crown Prince acted with a firmness which has taken the country by surprise. He refused to retract anything, offered to resign his command and his honors, and requested leave to retire with his wife and family to some place where he might be free from the suspicion of interfering | The Rebel Ewell's Train Destroyed.

in any way in the affairs of State. The English papers, with a just and natural gratification, mention the fact that the Crown Princess in this question not only fully symto her opinion an even more emphatic expression. She is said to have assured the magistrates of Elbing that her husband was anything but pleased with the present regime, but did not willingly express himself on the subject; "but," she added, "tell the people I have said so to you."

If it be true that this firm position has been taken by the Crown Prince of Prussia, the danger of a revolution in that country is probably passed. The Prussian people were aware that they were almost a unit in opposing the unconstitutional measures of the Ministry. They were sure that their unanimity would be able to overcome at length any despotic pressure to which the King and the aristocracy might have recourse. Still, an excess of violence might have plunged the country, almost against the will of the people, into a civil war, and a war at the present juncture of European politics might have seriously endangered the prospects of the progressive party, which now polls in no country of Europe a larger vote than in Prussia. If the nation knows that the heir-apparent is in favor of keeping the Constitution inviolate, they will be sure to endure patiently the vagaries of the blundering old King, hoping that time will soon give them an opportunity of marching peaceably onward on the road of constitutional and democratic reform.

The celebrated political economist Michael Chevalier, is, by command of the French Emperor, engaged on a large work in Mexico, the principal object of which is to make the French people acquainted with the natural resources of that country.

[For the Louisville Journal.]

HUSTONVILLE, KY., July, 1863. I think that one of the most certain indi-I think that one of the most cartain indications of returning peace and happiness to our nation is the return of religious feeling, thought, and action. Where these exist harmony reigns supreme—in the absence of these, discord—the bane of good society—holds his unhallowed revels. I do not mean that religious feeling which sows enmity among the Churches, but the cultivation of that love to God and to each other, which is eminently characteristic of the true followers of Christ. mean that unity of thought which binds religious people into one body to battle against the common enemy of all. I mean that ac-tion by which all the energies of religious Devil, let them assured at the works of the let them assume whatever shape they

us that the cultivation of religion is the cultivation of patriotism. Indeed, so indissolubly are they connected that one becomes a part of the other. The ancients saw the necessity of necessity existed to them, how much more does it exist to us, who have the result of their experience, aided by a divine revelation, the sum of which may be expressed in one one's country as well as to laws of Heave no less imperative now than when it was promulged more than one thousand years ago.
The discord and animosity now prevalent in
this country is all a trick of the devil. The
first step of his sooty majesty in the way of
evil is to sow dissension, from which springs n, and rebellion always ends pre where it begins—in the thraldom of darkness I rejoice to see that our people are begin-ning to awake to a full sense of their duty in regard to this matter—to learn that to make their sons and daughters Christians is to make them patriots—to teach them love to God is to teach them love to their country. Where does loyalty exists in its purest and most ele-vated form? Precisely where religious principles have been most assiduously cultivated minds of the youth. Who are the most yal? Precisely those whose patriotism has taken healthy root in the Word of God.

These thoughts have been written as they occurred, and were suggested by the almost unprecedented success—circumstances considered—which has attended a "special religious effort" recently made at this place. If this meets a favorable reception, we may suggest something at a future time more

as I did when a little child, before I had ac mitted into my heart that ambition which the first fierce lesson we learn at school. Is it partly that those trees never remind us that we are growing old? Older than we are, their hollow stems are covered with rejoicing leaves. The birds build amid their bowering branches rather than in the lighter shade of the sapling Nature has no voice that wounds the sel her coldest wind nips no credulous affection She alone has the same face in our age as in our youth. The friend with whom we once took sweet counsel we have left in the crowd, a stranger—perhaps a foe! The woman in whose eyes, some twenty years ago, a paradise seemed to open in the midst of a fallen world, we passed the other day with a rigid bow. She wore rouge and false hair. But those wild flowers under the hedgerow—those sparkles in the happy waters—no friendship has gone from them!—their beauty has no sim ulated freshness-their smile has no fraudulent this, in the influence which nature gains over us in proportion as life withdraws itself from

struggle and contention.

We are placed on earth for a certain period, to fulfil, according to our several conditions and degrees of mind, those duties by which the earth's history is carried on. Desk and warehouse, factory and till, forum and senate, chools of science and arts, arms and letters tation; by these we defend, bind togethe exalt, the destinies of our common race. And during this period the mind is wisely fitted needs attrition along its banks in order to maintain the law that regulates the movement of its waves. But when that period of action which is decreed an existence beyond the uses of earth—an existence aloof from desk and warehouse, factory and till, forum and senate, schools of science and art, arms and letters and, insensibly perhaps to itself, is attracted nearer toward the divine source of all being, in the increasing witchery by which nature, dis-And, in connection with this spiritual process, it is noticeable how intuitively in age we turn with strange fondness to all that is fresh in the earliest dawn of youth. If we never cared for little children before, we delight to see them roll in the grass over which we hobble on crutches. The grandsire turns wearily from his middle-aged, careworn son, to listen rees; it is the old who are most sadde feeling fellows, unless they are playing the hypocrite.

I heard heavy and continued firing directly in front of the city, and it is feared that a force is either coming in or a force is attempt.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS. EVENING DESPATCHES.

Later from the Army of the Potomac. Position and Condition of Lee's Army

Our Forces Steadily Pursue Them Another Great Battle still Imminent.

Our Army Rapidly Concentrating. Rebel Headquarters at Hagerstown. Antietam his first Line of Battle.

Splendid Successes of Our Cavalry. Extensive Damage to Rebel Trains.

The Potemac River is still Rising. pathizes with her husband, but that she gives | Part of Lee's Train Crosses on Rafts.

> Reports of Federal and Rebel Losses. Army Movements in Indian Territory

Bragg Retreats Across the Tennessee. He Destroys the Bridge at Bridgeport His Army Crumbling to Pieces.

Gen. Getty moves from White House. Destroys Bridges over South Anna.

BALTIMORE, July 8. The American's special, dated Wednesday, oon, the 8th, says the position of the rebelled their condition is definitely ascertained Their infantry line was drawn across from Funkstown, Md., to Falling Waters, and be-aind this line they are making almost superalmost say is confident, that they have no pontoon bridges at Falling Waters. They are now crossing their horses on boats, and leaving their wagens on this side probably in

ing their wagons on this side, probably in-tending to take them to pieces and carry them across on canal boats. I have heard the opinion expressed by high ilitary authority that the enemy would probably secure a most defensible line in front of Williamsport, entrench themselves, and endeavor to hold our army at bay while they cure the means of crossing.

Lee's headquarters are definitely ascertain-

ed to be at Hagerstown to-day, and his troops are mainly on the road between there and Williamsport, which is only 7 miles distant.

Gen. Early's rebel command is to-day reported to be cut off in the mountains near Greencastle by our cavalry. This is only a summer but it is conditionable to some activities. rumor, but it is credited to some extent. with magnificent success during the last three days. While the rebels were retreating we had cavalry in their front and rear and on

both flanks. Its presence and bold dashes aided in increasing the demoralization of the nson and Trimble. The damage done to the ebel trains by our cavalry is almost incredi-Everywhere they were captured, cut off, Gen. Kilpatrick dashed into the middle of

Gen. Ewell's train and burned between two and three hundred wagons and run off the horses. To-day he captured 63 more wagons our cavalry, I think, Kilpatrick's division, was dangerous, but they got out finally, with

ut serious loss.
Our army is moving steadily, and Lee remains on this side of the river. There is a probability of another battle within the next A special to the Commercial, dated Tullahoma, July 8, says that Bragg yesterday re-treated across the Tennessee, and destroyed

the splendid bridge at Bridgeport. Stragglers captured say his army is demoralized and crumbling as it recedes. [World's Special.] HARRISBURG, July 8, 10 P. M. Reports are rife here to-night of an advance

umberland Valley to strike General Couch's [Special to the New York Times.] FREDERICK, July 8.

The total number of prisoners captured, as eported at the Provost Marshal General's office, up to last night, including wounded, is mounts of artillery captured by us.

About two thirds of the burial parties sent ut to bury the rebel's dead have made returns The number reported by them is thus far 2,680 The total cannot fall under 3,500, not including hose of Wednesday's fight, which the enem

Our losses, as to-day reported semi-officially, foot up 17,000 killed, wounded, and missing The third corps lost 4,400; the fifth corps ,341; the twelfth corps 750; the second cor ,800; the balance I have not yet obtained.

[Herald's Special.] HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC Gen. Lee is still on this side of the Potoms

nable to cross with his army. It is anticipated that a battle will probably occur near the old Antietam field. Our forces are rapidly oncentrating, and a desperate battle is in The river has swollen to a great height, and is still rising—South Mountain has been oc-cupied, and Harper's Ferry is in our posses-

WASHINGTON, July 8. No information has been received from Wil liamsport up to 2 o'clock to-day. It is not be-lieved that there was a fight there yesterday, although it is probable that Gen. Sedgewick has done the enemy's rear much damage. Despatches for the Associated Press, received from Frederick to-night, say information which can be relied on comes from the front his morning of the following purport: the otomac has cheeked the passage of the rebel

A small portion of Lee's transportation has been crossed on rafts at Williamsport and Shepherdstown, and his stock swam over. His ambulance train, with the wounded, has also crossed; but his supply train, with caval-ry, infantry, and artillery, is on this side. he Antietam field. Should this prove true, s certain he cannot receive reinforcements He will be obliged to trust his army to the arbitrament of another bloody field. Our ferces are gradually concentrating in that direction. The hopes and prospect of an-nihilating the entire army of Virginia are bright. The best possible spirit animates offi-

At last advices, Lee was concentrating his forces by every available route, fearing an attack. He yesterday morning planted his bateries on every road by which we were likely FORTRESS MONBOE, July 7.

A further list of prisoners who have died in hospital prisons is received, and has been forwarded to Washington for publication.

The steamer City of Albany, from the White louse, has arrived. On the morning of the 1st Gen. Getty, with 10,000 men, proceeded from the White House to destroy the remaining bridges over South Anna river. He re-turned this morning to the White House, having accomplished most of his mission satis On Sunday, Gen. Blunt, with all the cay

alry he could raise, started from Fort Scott to

FREDERICKSBURG, July 8. A special to the N. Y. Herald says it is reliably stated that our troops occupied Hagerstown to-day after a fight. No particulars. The enemy were transporting men across the river flatboats. Our artillery had commenced

The rebel army is supposed to be moving between Williamsport and Sharpsburg. It is generally thought there will be a battle tonerally thought

Information received to-night indicates that another battle is imminent at Hagerstown. All precaution has been taken, and the capquestion of time.

There is a rumor that Beauregard is at Culpepper with 40,000 men; believed to be a canard.

[Times' Special.] WASHINGTON, July 8. Generals Grant and Meade are promoted, the former a Major-General, and the latter a Brigadier-General, in the regular army. [Special to the Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, July 8. Heavy skfrmishing to-day from daylight till 3 P. M., near Boonsboro, between Buford and Fitzpatrick's cavalry and the enemy's eavairy and infantry.

The locality of Lee's army is unknown but his wagon trains are at Williamsport. It jis believed he is fortifying on or near Antietam.

It is now stated that the first draft will be

for 300,000 men, and will be made as soon as the enrollment is completed. The quotas of several districts are already assigned. NEW YORK, July 9. A correspondent with Kilpatrick, writing from South Mountain, reports the capture on the 4th, of Ewell's wagon train four miles long, strongly guarded by infantry and caval-ry, with 1,500 prisoners, and 2,000 horses and

PHILADELPHIA, July 9. The Enquirer has a special despatch from The Enquirer has a special despatch from Frederick, dated the 8th, reporting sharp action nearly all day between Meade's advance, and the rebels beyond Boonsboro. Every available man is being pushed forward. The rebels attacked our cavalry this morning west of Boonesboro. We fell back toward Crampton's Gap. This indicates that the river is unfortable. Les intends trying the river is unfordable. Lee intends trying Antietam again.

PITTSBURG, July 9, M. River 3 feet 9 inches by pier mark and fall-River 3 feet 3 medical ing. Weather cloudy. New York, July 8, M. Stocks better, and fairly active. Money and ex-hange unchanged. Gold 31%.

ARREST OF NAT. WOLFE. Nat. Wolfe, Esq., was arrested in Owen county Thursday by enrolling officer Snell, and brought to this city. The cause of his arrest was the use of this language in a speech to the people of Owen: "This is a John Brown raid, a war against slavery, and he hoped every true Kentuckian would rise in arms against it. He was for secession, separation, or anything else against it."

The train left Frankfort on Tuesday evening, but was compelled to remain at Eminence twenty-four hours. The rebels were on all sides, completely hemming in the train, so that it was unsafe to move. The wires were cut this side and also above Eminence, and no telegraphic communication was had with any point in either direction.

The 71st Indiana were sent up and relieved the train; and it proceeded at once to this city, arriving last night. The 71st caught one rebel at Jerico, who was brought down and properly disposed of. No more were seen -they kept out of the way. The Home Guards are very active there, and will give a good account of themselves if occasion re-

There was great excitement in Lexington bels, and their discipline has been greatly on Monday, and all the Government property Among the captured are Brig. Generals Rob- was removed to Hickman Bridge. Morgan was reported in the vicinity, and the people fully expected him to make an actempt to take the town. All was quiet there, however, on

Tuesday morning. Hon John J. Crittenden came down on the train as far as Pewee station and got off. A man died at Eminence vesterday morning of convulsions. He said that he had been poisoned. His name was not ascertained

MORGAN IN INDIANA .- Morgan's whole force has crossed the Ohio river and is now on the Indiana side, opposite Brandenburg, Ky. What his object is cannot be divined, unless it is to proceed to New Albany and Jeffersonville, and, if possible, cut off the railroads and destroy the Government property at both places, which he will find trouble in doing. If he or any considerable portion of his men ever return to Dixie we are much mistaken. The crossing was effected yesterday in the afternoon, and the two boats captured two days since were used for the purpose. Morgan has with him eleven regiments, all mounted, and several pieces of artillery. Sixty Home Guards from Leavenworth were captured by the rebels, opposite Brandenburg, on the Indiana side yesterday morning, together with all their arms, and one small cannon. We did not learn what disposition was made of them, but presume they were paroled.

ACCIDENT TO MRS. LINCOLN .- A Washington paper of the 3d inst. states that on Friday morning last, about ten o'clock, as Mrs. Lincoln was passing in her carriage across the open lot near the Mount Pleasant Hospital, the driver's seat suddenly became detached from the rest of the carriage, and the coachman was precipitated to the ground. At this accident the spirited horses immediately took fright, and dashed along with fearful velocity. Mrs. Lincoln was alone in the carriage at the time, but seeing the imminent danger she was in, with courage and presence of mind remarkable at so critical a moment, she sprang quickly from the carriage. Though for the moment stunned, she most fortunately received no more serious injury from the fall than several severe bruises. Several surgeons from the Mount Pleasant Hospital were instantly upon the spot, and administered promptly to her injuries, and so soon as it was ascertained that they were not of a serious character, she was placed in a carriage and conveyed to the Presidential Mansion.

POLICE PROCEEDINGS .- Thursday, July 9 .-Several warrants for assault and battery were disposed of, and witnesses were recognized to go before the Grand Jury.

James Scott, drunk and disorderly conduct. The Judge took his own bond in \$100 to leave the city within twenty-four hours. Conley Edward, drunk and abusing his family. Bail in \$100 for three months. Wm. Puffy, shooting and wounding Mary Fritz, with intent to kill. Bail in \$600 to an

swer the charge. Prof. Whitney, the State Geologist of California, among the Sierra Nevadas, found about 200 feet above the level of the ocean, an almost perfect jaw of a rhinoceros. Huge petrified oyster-shells were also found among

the mountains of the interior and at a great

elevation.

CORRECTION .- It was the brother of Judge Bullitt that was killed at Lebenon, in Morgan's recent attack on that place, and not the son of Judge Bullock, as stated in yesterday morning's issue.

DECISIONS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS. FRANKFORT, July 6, 1863. omas vs. Maupin et al, Montgomery; zpatrick vs Ribelin, Montgomery; milton vs Barnes, White & Co.; Montgomery; num et al vs Hunt, Bath; were submitted on

FRANKFORT, July 7, 1863.

CAUSES BECIDED.

Gordon vs Blotz et al, Lou. Ch'y; affirmed.
Same vs Louisville city, Lon. Ch'y; reversed
Berry & Johnson vs Bandall, Henry; reverse
Cantrille tal vs Warfield. Scott; reversed.
Cofer vs Winterbower, Hardin; affirmed. Hughart vs Bourne et al, Montgomery; motion to

dismiss appeal overruled.

Wood vs Wright's adm'r, Jefferson County Court; mandate medified. Response to petition for rehearing delivered, and petition for rehearing delivered and petition for response to petition for rehearing delivered and petition overruled. Repetition for rehearing delivered and petition overruled. Perry vs McKees et al., Owen; death of appellant suggested and cause continued.

Linde vs Daugherty, Morgan; continued.

1,000 Embrodered Skirts at \$1.50 to \$2; to safe by 150 doz \$11 kine hemstitched "at \$2 per doz. MURRELLE, CASTLEMAN. & CO.

Wolce of the Prophets.

Voice of the Prophets.

SUBSCHBERS WILL PLEASE CALL FOR THE Linde vs Daugherty, Morgan; continued.

BICARB, SODA—236 kegs in store and for safe by 12 per doz. MURRELLE, 431 Main st.

BICARB, SODA—236 kegs in store and for safe by 12 per doz. Murrelle vs Daugherty, Morgan; continued.

The receipts of gold coin at the New York Custom-house in payment of duties, average about one hundred thousand dollars

VERSE AND PROSE. - We do not write verse so supremely now as Shakespeare and his com-panions did, but as a whole we write prose

'What wants he that a king should have'? cried James, as he gazed with pitiless admira-tion on the huge limbs and bold bearing of the outlaw of Ettrick. "What wants prose that verse should possess?" the reader may exclaim as he closes one or other of our English mas-terpieces. If it be admitted that verse is the nobler vehicle of expression, it will not be denied that prose is the more generally useful, and the best suited for ordinary purposes. and the best suited for ordinary purposes. Verse is a service of gold plate, which is only brought forth on princely festivals, and high solemnities and anniversaries; prose, the service in every day use, and if the viands are properly cooked—and that, after all, is the chief matter in a feast—they taste as sweetly in the ordinary service as they do in the golden one. And, after all, it may be questioned whether verse is a higher vehicle of expression than prose, when prose is at its best. Have we not seen prose as ductile, and as easily than prose, when prose is at its best. Have we not seen prose as ductile, and as easily turned and twisted by quip and phantasy? Have we not seen it, chamelion-like, colored by the food it feeds on? Have we not heard its voice, and been unable, even when sitting amid the flutes of Arcady, to remember a sweeter note. Miltonic music lingers in the sentences of De Quincy. There are inspired passages in Ruskin that will hold are inspired passages in Ruskin that will hold their own with anything in poetry. Professor Wilson and Kingsley have written descrip-tions of natural scenery which are equal to anything of the same kind existing in verse; anything of the same kind existing in verse; while Carlyle's style is unique and unapproachable; everything by turns—solemn, grotesque, humorous—capable of dealing with the highest and the lowest, free at once of earth and air. Verse cannot without detriment descend beneath a certain level; and there are ele-ments with which it is not endued. It can put a girdle round the earth in forty minutes, like Ariel; but it cannot carry logs, like Ferdinand. The sea-bird is beautiful wheel-Ferdinand. The sea-bird is beautiful wheeling in the air, charming when it sinks to rest, breast-deep in the billow; but on the ground its movement is a waddle, all grace is gone. Prose is more Protean than verse, and can make itself at home anywhere in the rare passionate and imaginative regions, in the severities of logical statement, in the even flow of narrative. It can do all that verse can, and it has no pride; it can concern itself with trifles; it can paint concern itself with trifles; it can pai Outch pictures; it can analyze proverbs. And

Dutch pictures; it can analyze proverbs. And it is curious, too, that the wider intellectual region over which prose dominates, almost incivitably attracts to itself, sooner or later, writers whose minds are of the purest poetic type. Men who begin with poetry, feel, as time passes on, and experience widens, a strange propulsion to prose or to the drama. They weary of abstractions, of the beautiful masks and shadows of things, and long to feel the earth beneath their feet and to assure themselves by human fellowship. Verse takes the cream off their thoughts, so to speak; but much remains behind, on which the shaping instinct within cannot help exercising itself, and which seeks a prose outlet. Thus we and which seeks a prose outlet. Thus we observe that, for the most part, the great writers who made brilliant the close of the last and the beginning of the present century, either forsook the passionate and emotional element, in which in early life they delighted, for closer relationship with man in the draws or write means. ship with men in the drama, or wrote poems in which the satirical and prosaic side of in which the satirical and prosaic side of things predominated over the purely emotional, or relinquished verse altogether, and became prose novelists, prose essayists, or prose humorists. The author of Marmion became the author of Waverly. Shelley soughtrefuge from lyrical pain in The Cenci and Hellas. Coleridge forsook verse altogether. Byron, in his closing years, was a poet only in form; the last cantos of Don Juan are, to all intents and purposes, a brilliant satirical novel, in which purposes, a brilliant satirical novel, in which poetry adds a sheen to the wit, and a sharper edge to the epigram. Had he lived, there can be little doubt that he would have relinquished verse and betaken himself to prose fiction, in which he would have brought much of Fielding's good sense, solidity, and heartiness, all Thackeray's gift of melancholy scorn, and a derness unknown to either. The fact, then, that prose, as a vehicle of literary expression, has, during the last century, immensely dereloped; that it can deal gracefully and effect clowns; that it can paint moor, and fen, and woodland; that it can take on the edge of epigram; that it can turn upon itself in self analysis; and that, when required, it can rise into the passionate regions, of which, hithert verse has been the great inhabitant and exponent, is one reason, and perhaps the chief one why the novel has surpassed the poem in por ular estimation. The novel can give us a that we were wont to expect from the poem; and as it can more effectively combine hetero-genous elements, farce and tragedy, satire and moral reflection, the high mood and the mean, the one grand passion and the hundred sordid ones, it is better fitted than the poem to reflect the many-colored world in which we live, and in which each plays his part. The novelist can stretch a wider canvas than the poet, and on his palette he has a greater variety of pigments wherewith to produce his picture in his lights and glooms; and it is his own fault i somber, as the poet's. As a work of art the novel may be—nay sometimes is—as perfect as the poem. The Newcomes, for instance, is a classic as truly as the Essay on Man; with taining, and is certain to find now, and hereafter, a greater number of readers.

North British Review.

Children's Diet .- Those whose observation of the habits of children has been the most extended, are most satisfied that a large propor tion of the deaths before the close of the sec ond year of children are fairly ascribable t ond year of children are fairly ascribable to error and mismanagement in matters of diet. The learned Dr. Combe does not hesitate to put the estimate at one half! If this be so, how fearfully important that mothers should

inform themselves on the subject of dietetic

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Joshua Tevis, Secretary, to whom all communications should be addressed.

FOR CONGRESS. ROBERT MALLORY,

FRIDAY, JULY 10, 1863.

GOING AHEAD AT VICKSBURG .- Col. Markland, special agent for the Postoffice Department of Gen. Grant's army, has telegraphed here from Vicksburg, asking that a good clerk be sent down immediately for the postoffice in that city. Thus our good Uncle Sam is extending his beneficent institutions. Now let our old Vicksburg friends make up a club of subscribers for the Louisville Journal. They used to get angry at us for telling them plain truths, but they had better have listened to us. It might have saved them the disagreeable necessity of listening month after month to the rude music of Grant's bomb-

sequences that must follow (as they would see) will rest on the convention for all coming time. When we and our posterity shall see our lovely South desolated by the demon of war, which this act of yours will inevitably invite and call forth; when our green fields of waving harvests shall be trodden down by the murderous soldiery and fiery car of war sweeping over our land; our temples of invite laid in It appears to be generally believed that there is no strong rebel force in front of Gen. Rosecrans. If the rebel army there were formidable in numbers, it seems to be almost certain that Bragg would have stood and given battle ere this. But such rebel troops as make act by the present generation, and probably cursed and execrated by posterity for all com-ing time for the wide and desolating ruin that their appearance at all retreat as they are advanced on, our forces pursuing them as a boy pursues a flying rainbow. A few, to be sure, are overtaken and captured, but not many.

The prevalent belief is that Bragg has been keeping up an appearance of strength as a mere stratagem, whilst a portion of his troops have gone to do work elsewhere, and a portion, perhaps, are invading or preparing to invade Kentucky. We need not be surprised to hear at any time of the passing of a heavy rebel force into Kentucky through Cumberland Gap or across the Cumberland river at some point below. Gen. Wm. Preston, with a very considerable command, is or lately was at Abingdon, in Virginia, a little beyond the Gap, with the avowed design of making an irruption into this State, and, if his troops and Buckner's and a detachment from Bragg's were to unite in an invasion of Kentucky, we should have to put forth a great deal of strength to repel them. We have ample occasion to put ourselves in readiness for a fierce struggle, but no occasion whatever to be alarmed. Keen and loyal eyes are watching the enemy | the Union, if they were to confess candidly and watching over us, and, if we are but just that their cause has been a failure, and that to our country and to ourselves, we shall be they can no longer pursue a "suicidal act"

The citizens of Louisville, at the sug- by posterity for all coming time, for the wide gestion of the military authorities, have been and desolating ruin" which has followed the enrolling themselves for the defence of the act they attempted to perpetrate. Let them city. We believe that a great many names | come back to the old Union, under the old flag, were yesterday given in. The list in each and the old Constitution, and be assured that ward will probably be brought to us for pub- the magnanimity of the Government will be why do you call us "Brown?" lication, so that everybody may see who are that of the father to the returning prodigal. willing to defend the city and who are recreant.

The enrolment of our citizens for the or-Impanies, regiments, and brig-of the States in rebellion likewise stigmatize view of the danger which threatens the Unionists of Kentucky, together with the city, is an excellent measure. It is a necessary one. To neglect it would be folly and shame and crime. We must all enroll, organize, drill, and be prepared to render service at an hour's warning. But we respectfully and earnestly suggest that something more is needed. We need fortifications and rifle-pits. These, if Louisville were attacked, would be invaluable to our raw troops. Such troops, drawn up in line of battle in open fields, could not be expected to stand an impetuous onset of rebel cavalry and artillery, but, if placed behind defences, nine-tenths of them would fight with the coolness and bravery of veterans. Their available strength would be more than doubled. Each yard of earthwork would be worth two or three soldiers. Every military man of experience knows this as perfectly as he knows anything.

Then let us have defences, the best ones that a period of time perhaps very limited will allow. If we are attacked, as we may be any day or any night, they will give confidence, save the lives of our friends, and prove destructive to our enemies. If we were to be invaded to-night, there is not a loval man among us who would not wish with his whole soul that we were fortified. And we can fortify just as well as not. If the matter is taken hold of in the right quarters and in the right way, it will be put through at once. Instead of waiting till the last moment and then being hurried off, white men and negroes, to construct fortifications, as was done when Bragg was said to be approaching our city, let us begin now and do our work calmly and thoroughly. We have given this advice before, and we may if necessary give it again. We know that it is right, and, if it is not adopted, the fault shall not be ours. We sometimes think that a portion of our people are like a man upon a railroad track, who, when the locomotive is in full view thundering down upon him, is either so indifferent to consequences or so paralyzed by apprehension, that he stands stock still to take whatever may befall him.

We did not suppose there was any truth in the statement of a special despatch to the New York Herald that Alex. H. Stephens Vice President of the Southern Confederacy, and Mr. Ould, the rebel Commissioner, went down James River upon the rebel steamer Dragon on the 4th inst., under a flag of truce, and asked of Rear-Admiral Lee permission to proceed to Washington on the Dragon as bearers of an important letter from President Davis to President Lincoln. We find how- ity as a leader in several hard-fought battles ever that it is all strictly true.

Of course everybody must be anxious to know the object of the very singular mission. The Administration declined letting Messrs. Stephens and Ould come to Washington, on the ground that the letter they bore related perhaps merely to some trivial question, and that their reception might be construed into an acknowledgement of the Confederate nationality. We rather regret that the gentlemen were not received. They could have been received with a distinct protest against any misconstruction of the act. We all remember that our Government, after the commencement of the rebellion, refused for a time to exchange prisoners, lest that might be considered a recognition of the rebel Confederacy. But the necessity of the case overruled all things else.

We cannot but hope that the rebel authorities are tired enough of the war to be willing to propose peace, and to propose it upon what they must know to be the only admissible basis, the restoration of the Union.

A letter to Forney's Press says, that, when the main fort at Winchester was stormed, the bold Gen. Milroy was fifty feet doubt they will persist in their unbelief up a flagstaff, watching the operations. Well, for at least forty days-holding out against we should like to hear him say how the thing the siege of facts as long as Vicksburg did looked "to a man up a tree." against the siege of Grant's army. Heroic

Meade and Grant are great financiers. | fellows! They raised the value of greenbacks in the Wedon't think it would be wise for Gen. New York market eleven per cent in two Dix to attack Richmond. The right way to

Wendell Phillips says he is sick of force possible for the annihilation of Lee's honest men. They have been sick of him a army. We hope that this is understood in long time.

THE TWENTY-SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT. Now that Lee is a fugitive after his terrible repulse in Pennsylvania, that Bragg has We have already announced that Francis L. Manufacturer of Gilt Work and Dealer abandoned Tullahoma and sought refuge tem. | Cleveland, Esq., has taken the field for the porarily at Chattanooga, that Pemberton has | Senate for Bracken and Harrison counties, at found all his stubborn resistance to Grant at | the almost unanimous request of the Union Vicksburg unavailing, that Johnston has lost | men of the two counties. No one has as yet all power to assume the defensive, that Rich- been announced to oppose him, and we premond is menaced and the Confederate arms are sume no one will be announced unless the noplaced hors du combat everywhere, is it not an more-men-and-no-more-money party should appropriate time for our "wayward sisters" | see proper to name a candidate to be beaten and our brothers who are fighting their bat- by him. Mr. Cleveland has represented tles to pause one moment and reflect upon | Bracken county in the Lower House for two the truth of what Alexander H. Stephens said | successive terms, and during all the stormy to the Georgia convention, in the January | period, from the session called in the winter after South Carolina had opened the rebellion? of 1861 by Magoffin until the last adjournment, His solemn words of truth were these: "Now he has been zealous, staunch, and untiring. for you to attempt to overthrew such a gov- No truer friend of the Union can be found; he ernment as this, under which we have lived has manifested his fidelity in the councils of for more than three quarters of a century, in | the State, and in his intercourse with the miswhich we have gained our wealth, our stand- guided men of his neighborhood, and it has ing as a nation, our domestic safety while | been tested in the hour of trial. He gave his the elements of peril are around us, with peace | vote to the series of resolutions in the Legisand tranquillity, accompanied with unbound- lature which was approved by the Union ed prosperity and rights unassailed, is the | State Convention, to which he was a delegate, height of madness, folly, and wickedness." and he fully endorses its platform and its Will they, with the evidences before them that nominees. To doubt the election of such a they have been confounded by "the attempt | gentleman were to doubt the ability of the and not the deed," suffer their madness people to select the best person to represent still to inflame them, their folly to render them. He should be sent to the Senate withthem perverse, and their wickedness to preout a dissenting vote. vent them from listening to the warning voice which so fervently invites them to return to their allegiance and resume the old fraternal

A great week's work was achieved by General Meade. On Sunday, June 28, at 3 o'clock A. M., while sleeping in his tent at Frederick he was notified by a messenger of his appointment to the command of the army of forcible, how much more appallingly must his the Potomac. On the next Saturday, July 4, he had won a brilliant victory, after three when the terrible pictures which he drew have days terrible fighting. We doubt whether become more terrible realities! Let his words any of the swoops of the Eagle of War, Napoleon Bonaparte, were more meteor-like in celerity or more effective in results.

bonds? If what Mr. Stephens said before the

inauguration of the civil war was true and

words of prophecy ring in their ears now,

That this step once taken could never be re-

called, and all the baleful and withering con-sequences that must follow (as they would see)

over our land; our temples of justice laid in ashes; all the horrors and desolation of war upon us; who but this convention will be held

responsible for it? And who but he who shall have given his vote for this unwise and ill-

timed measure (as I honestly think and believe shall be held to strict account for this suicide

will inevitably follow this act you now pro-

Pause, I entreat you, and consider for a mo-

nent what reasons you can give that will even

What reasons can you give to the nations of the earth to justify it? They will be calm and deliberate judges in the case; and to what cause or one overt act can you name or point, and what they are the properties.

on which to rest the plea of justification? What right has the North assailed? What interest of the South has been invaded? What

justice has been denied? And what claim, founded in justice and right, has been withheld? Can either of you to-day name one governmental act of wrong deliberately and purposely done by the Government of Wash-

ngton, of which the South has a right to com-

With this unanswerable arraignment against

those who precipitated the civil war, and this

realization of all its "baleful and withering

consequences," it certainly would be no im-

peachment of the gallantry of the Con-

federates in their Titanic efforts to overturn

which will render them "cursed and execrated

The secessionists of Kentucky stigma-

servatives of the North. The rebels libel in

this way all conservative Unionists alike.

They make a clean sweep. The rebel press

with one accord brands such men as James

Guthrie and John J. Crittenden and Horatio

Seymour and Millard Fillmore and Washing-

ton Hunt as worse abolitionists than such men

as Cassius M. Clay and Owen Lovejoy and

Charles Sumner and Wendell Phillips and

William Lloyd Garrison. And the se-

cessionists of Kentucky would be just

as comprehensive in their vilification

as their Southern confederates are if it

were not for the hope of making more at

present by courting than by defaming the

Northern Democrats. The secessionists here

are simply attempting to use their hypocritical

profession of affinity with the Northern Dem-

ocrats as a disguise in which to defeat the

Unionists who are and have ever been the

true associates of those Democrats. Like

Sempronius in the tragedy of Cato, the seces-

sionists assume the dress of friends, in order

to degrade and destroy the object of their

malice. Let them take warning from the

fate of Sempronius. The fair Marcia of Ken-

tucky patriotism is not to be overborne by

General Hooker, as we have said, is a

braggart and a blusterer, he has scandalously

and indecently disparaged officers greatly su-

perior to himself, he is evidently unequal to

entitled by his services to something better

General Hooker was a failure at the head

of the Grand Army, but he was never a failure

until he took that position. As the comman-

der of a corps, he was always distinguished.

His record in the earlier stages of the war was

brilliant. He was, as a contemporary says,

the hero of some of the bloodiest conflicts of

the Virginia campaign. His courage, his gal-

lantry, his chivalrous bearing, were proverbial.

crisis was most desperate, wherever the exam-

ple of steadfast valor was most needed-there

he was ever found. At Fair Oaks, in the seven

days' fight before Richmond, at Antietam, he

won high renown. General McClellan, who

is proverbially chary of compliments, char-

acterized him as "that most excellent officer,

Major General Joseph Hooker, who was em-

inently conspicuous for his gallantry and abil-

Those who know most of General Hooker

would be glad to see him in such a position as

that which he filled before he took the place

In the month of May Gen. Grant fought

five important battles in Mississippi and won

them all, making his way from Grand Gulf

to Jackson and thence to the immediate rear

of Vicksburg. It was hoped that he would

be able to take the city at once, making six

great victories in a single month, the last the

Vicksburg however was far too powerful to

be taken thus speedily. A siege and a scien-

tific and gradual advance were necessary, and

these measures were adopted, and, for more

than forty days, vigorously prosecuted. Both

the siege of Vicksburg and its defence have

been wonderful exhibitions of patience and

endurance and bravery and determination

But the indomitable Grant has taken Vicks-

full, we doubt not that he will soon fill it.

burg, and, if the measure of his glory is not

Even now, we presume, the sympa-

thizers insist that Vicksburg is not taken. No

in Virginia."

of General Burnside.

crowning one of them all.

high quarters.

tempt now seemingly meted out to him.

any such device.

lain? I challenge the answer!

be remembered when he said:

The public meeting at the Courthouse on Wednesday night resolved unanimously that all able-bodied men of this city who do not present themselves for enrolment to defend the city against invasion be sent North. But perhaps it would be better, when we start the recreants off, to set their faces in the op posite direction. Their noses should be reversed magnets, pointing toward the South Pole. There they could get their rights.

There were only nine guerillas that attacked and captured the railroad train at Christiansburg on Wednesday. Most of the passengers were unarmed, but one would think that they might have demolished the robbers with their fists. But we suppose that some of them were more disposed to pay comsatisfy yourselves in calmer moments—what reasons you can give to your fellow-sufferers in the calamity that it will bring upon us. pliments than to make battle. "Capt. Hines! I am delighted to see you"!

The rebel newspapers are dolorous over the fact, which seems lately to have come to their knowledge, that there is no State in their dear Confederacy that is "free from Yankee pollution."-Democrat.

Let the policy of "not another man nor another dollar" be generally adopted throughout the loyal portion of the country, and how long before there would be no State in all our broad land free from rebel pollution?

Let our armies follow up their recent success and achieve more victories over the rebels. The military power of the Confederacy must be destroyed, and every reverse which they encounter is another step toward the disenthralment of the loyal sentiment in the seceding States. Let our forces be concentrated and hurled upon the armed rebels with overwhelming power.

At Winchester Gen. Milroy lost his heavy artillery. Brown says the country might have been able to bear that, but the brave General lost his cocked hat. It is to be hoped the Government will never give him another. Democrat. "Brown says!" And pr'ythee, neighbor,

The rebel Confederacy is now upheld by a single hair, and the capture or destructize the Unionists of the State as the worst | tion of Lee's army would be the breaking of description of abolitionists. The secessionists | the hair.

Forty thousand prisoners taken in two fortifications are the evidences of Gen. Grant's their political associates the Democrats or con-

> ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, NO. 1 Hanover Buildings, Hanover Square, ROBERT L. MAITLAND, REW YORK. WILLIAM WRIGHT.

NOTICE. UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, I WILL PAY SIX per cent interest on Deposits for a specified time and four per cent on those subject to ten days' notice of A. BLAND, Banker,

Southern Bank Notes WANTED! South Carolina, Georgia,

Alabama, and Louisiana BANK NOTES WANTED by A. BLAND, Banker, Main st., near Fourth.

the leadership of such a body of men as the Army of the Potomac, and yet, after all, he is than the unmitigated condemnation and con-

A. BLAND, Banker, Main st., near Fourth.

GREEN & GREEN,

NASHVILLE.

Wherever the fight was thickest, wherever the LOUISVILLE, Main and Fourth.

> Summer Soft Hats. SUMMER STRAWHATS.

COOL ZEPHYR UNDERWEAR

Shirts and Underwear MADE TO ORDER FROM MEASUREMENT.

MILITARY HATS, CAPS, AND TRIMMINGS TO ORDER

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MEN'S & BOYS' SOFT FELT HATS. nd qualities, and of the latest styles; also

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OF OUR MANUFACTURE. take the rebel capital is to concentrate all the Always on hand. Price \$5 for the best.

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cular attentoin is called to my assortment of
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e issued by the first publishing houses of Europe
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Manufacturer.

204 Third street, one door south of Main, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Having commenced anew the above business, I would be pleased to have my old friends and cus traded with me the past two years at Mr. C. PROAL'S. S. DeWITT.

J. V. ESCOTT, Of the late firm of HEGAN & ESCOTT,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN Photograph & Ambrotype Apparatus, Stock, & Chemicals, Photograph Albums, Engravings, and Artists' Matertals, MANUFACTURER OF

Gilt Frames, Cornices, Pier and Mantle Mirrors, Ornamental Gilding, and Composition Work, 231 Main st., bet. Second and Third

J. V. ESCOTT informs his patrons and friends that his Frame Factory is now fully manned and equipped with all the latest and most appraved steam machinery and appliances, and he is new prepared to fill all orders for Gilt Work of entirely new and beautiful designs and richest styles of ornament. His stock of Photograph Materials and Photograph Albums is the largest ever brought to this city.

A BOOK OF GREAT INTEREST

THE TRIAL OF BY A MILITARY COMMISSION, The Proceedings under his Application for a Writ of Habeas Corpus;

WITH THE ABGUMENTS OF HON. GEO. E. PUGH, HON. AARON F. PERRY AND HON. FLAMEN BALL. Dealers supplied by

JOHN P. MORTON & CO., Publishers and Booksellers, 425 Main st. A NEGRO WOMAN, WITH THREE CHILDREN, a good bouse servant, plain cook, washer, and ironer. Will be hired for the balance of the year to a good home for a mere nominal price. Apply to C. C. SPENCER, jy10 d3

For Hire,
A FINE HOSTLER AND CARRIAGE DRIVER,
iy9 ds\* \$100 REWARD. BAN AWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBE on the night of July 4, 1883, a negro boy nam TIM, black, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high heavy built, and weighs from 160 to 180 poun Had on when he left a black frock cost, a pair of bl cottonade pants over another pair, and light hat. T above reward will be paid if caught and delivered me or placed in some secure place. Address.

Jeffersontown, Jefferson co., Ky

WOOD-WOOD-WOOD. WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, WISH TO PUR-chase 200 cord green split Beech Wood; to be de-livered not later than 1st December. Apply to ivered not later than 1st December. Apply to ivered not later than 1st December. Ill Main st.

Office of the Adams Express Company, LOUISVILLE, July 8, 1863. SPECIAL NOTICE TO SHIPPERS OF FREIGHT ON FRANKFORT AND LEXINGTON ROAD. A LL FREIGHT SENT TO THE DEPOT TO BE forwarded by this Company must be accompanied

with Custom-House permits, or it will not be received by our Messenger. Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting.

The practical department will be under the immediate control of J. F. Donaly, who will be glad to see his old customers and as many new ones as feel disposed to paironize us.

Strayed.

A DARK RED COW STRAYED OFF yesterday afternoon. Had a rope tied around her korns. A reward of \$5 will be paid for her return.

J. D. OSBORNE.

\$20 REWARD. RAN AWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, on 20th June, a negro girl, named HARRI-ETTE, about 16 years old, 5 feet high, stout the tribular of the comparison of the comparison of the city, and formerly belonged to W. E. Enbrert, and lived with Major A. L. Symms until recently. I will pay the above reward if taken in the city or county, or the usual reward if taken out of the city or county, so she is delivered to me.

197 d6 L. NAHM, 414 Market st. STOLEN,

FROM MY PASTUER, ON WEDNES.

day night, lst July, a BAY HORSE,
with a very small star in his forehead,
a slight defect in left hind hoof, a small
scar just in front of the girt on left shoulder, 4 years
old; also a BAY MARE, half sister, 4 years old, a
small scar on her left hip, and a full, round forehead.
Morse had two shoos, mare none. A very liberal reward will be paid to any one giving information so
that I may get them. Address

ISAAO S. MILLIAR. j7 d4is

POOLS! POOLS!! ON THE RACES. THE UNDERSIGNED WILL COMMENCE TO I seil Pools on the great Stallion Trotting Race over Woodlawn Course on Wednesday morning, at 9 o'clock, at the Galt House, and continue to sell on the mornings of Thursday and Friday, at the same hour. Will also sell, on the track, on Friday before and during the progress of the race.

jy7 ds\*\*

FARRAR & ALFRIEND.

Copartnership.

H AVING THIS DAY FORMED A COPARTNERship, styled McFerran & Menefee, and purchased
of Guthrie & Co. their stock of goods, smoke-house,
&c., we will continue the wholesale provision and
commission business at their old stand, on Main
street, between First and Second.

J. HN McFEBRAN.

R. J. MENEFEE.

Louisville, Ky., July 1, 1863.

NOTICE. In retiring from the provision and commission beiness, we cheerfully recommend Messrs. McFerran Menefee as worthy of the confidence and patronage of ur friends.
Our office will be at the store of McFerran & Menese, as heretofore, under the same style of
GUTHRIE & CO.
Louisville, Ky., July 1, 1863. DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,

EALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED A: this office until 12 M, July 14th, 1863, for furnishing 2,000 cavalry and 500 artillery horses. 1, of County of State of ment at Louisville, Ky., with Horses of the fellowing specifications, viz: FORM OF PROPOSAL.

WHO LOYE TO PERUSE LITERATURE THAT everybody cannot get! The undersigned have just issued FIVE NEW BOOKS. Two ABE NOW READY. Send \$150 and get one of the gayest Books and greatest achievements in the literary world— FOR CAVALRY,

To be from five (5) to nine (9) years old; fifteen (15) hands high or over; of dark colors; free from all olemishes and vicious tricks, and in all respects good, serviceable horses, fit for cavalry, and subject to mspection at Louisville, Ky.

FOR ARTILLERY.
To be from five (5) to nine (9) years old; fifteen and a saif (15½) hands high or over; to be bays, browns, or lacks, tree from all blemishes or vicious tricks; none o weigh less than 1000 pounds, and in all respects ood, sound, serviceable horses, fit for artillery, and ubject to inspection at Louisville, Ky. "THE BEAUTIFUL CREOLE." Each Book contains 180 pages of reading matter, and is embellished by native Arrists who far excel the French, who have held the palm of being the best. will furnish as follows, with the understanding that or any part of this bid may be accepted, viz: jy3 dlm No. 167 William st., New York. Cavalry Horses @ \$- each,
Artillery Horses @ \$- each.

Artillery Horses © \$— each. close herewith my affidavit that I am not interdirectly or indirectly in any other bid offered to the one to which I have subscribed my name. So enclose herewith a certificate of deposit, payasy your order for \$10,000, which amount you are rized to retain, as a guarantee, until completion e contract, if awarded to me. In case of failure y part to enter into contract, if any part of the should be awarded to me, or in case of failure to econtract on time, I hereby agree to forfeit the int named to the United States. BRANDY—
10 %pipes Otard, Dupuy, & Co. Brandy;
15 % do A. Seignette & Co. do;
25 % do La Rochelle do;
25 bbls N. Y. do; 75 cases
In store and for sale by
JNO. R. GHEENS & CO. WINE-50 casks Madeira, Port, and Malaga Wine in store and for sale by JNO. R. GHEENS & CO. FORM OF AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me A B, the signer of the foregoing proposal, who, being duly sworn, makes cath that he is not interested directly or indirectly in any other proposal offered for the conract to be awarded at Louisville on July 14, 1863.

Stamp. (Justice of the Peace or Notary Public). All bids must be of the above form. Contractors will be required to provide a brand with the initials of their names. The contracts must be completed within thirty (30) days from date of award.

The oath of all-giance will be required of successful bidders, where it has not previously been filed. their names. The contracts must be completed within thirty (30) days from date of award.

The oath of all-glance will be required of successful bidders, where it has not previously been filed.

july7 d&wdtd Capt. and A. Q. M. U. S. Army.

SUGARS—

350 bbls Yellow Grocers' Sugar;

460 bbls soft and hard Crushed White Sugar;

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jy3

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Continental Insurance Company,

Cash Capital and Surplus - - \$1,250,000.

North American Fire Insurance Co.

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ORGANIZED IN 1828.
Cash Capital and Surplus - - - \$300,000

Three fourths of the profits returned annually to

Home Insurance Company,

Three fourths of the profits are returned annually to the Policy holders.

Washington Insurance Company,

NEW YORK CITY.

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LEGRAIN,

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Offers to the ladies all the advantages on black Silk.

Ten samples will be sent to any part of the United

persons applying for them by letter

they send orders the goods will be delivered to them

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J. M. ARMSTRONG.

ON MAIN, OPPOSITE THE NATIONAL,

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings,

For which orders are solicited.

Satisfaction guarantied or money refunded.

To the Tax-Payers of Jefferson County.

THE TAX BOOKS FOR THE PRESENT YEAR (1863) have been placed in my hands for collection. You will please call at my office and pay your taxes, and if not paid within the time prescribed by law ten per cent will be added.

W. A. BONALD, S. J. C. Louisville, July 8, 1863—d&w3

FEMALE ACADEMY of the URSULINES,

On Chestnut, between Shelby and Campbell sts.,

Pastor of St. Martin's Church, Shelby st., or to Mother SALESIA REITMEIER,

Commercial Bank of Kentucky,

CROPPER, PATTON, & CO.,

PRODUCE BROKERS

AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

At Wholesale-Feed and Grain.

L ARGE SUPPLY OF HAY, CORN, OATS, RYE, and Ship Stuff always on hand and for sale by CROPPER, PATTON, & CO., jy8 Nos. 143 and 145 East Fourth st.

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CONSIGNMENTS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS SO-

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Attorney at Law.

PADUCAH, KENTUCKY.

A LL VOUCHERS IN SECOND HANDS, PRE-sented hereafter to me for payment, must be ac-

ompanied by a power of atterney to collect the same.

yi4 d6 L.CASS FORSYTH, Capt. and A. Q. M.

U. S. 5-20 Bonds.

Take Notice, Soldiers

and Others!

"THE WASHINGTON BELLE,"

Or the Biter Bit and Happy Marriage,

AND

Assistant Quartermaster's Office, Louisville, Ky., July 1, 1863.

Prompt attention given to collections.

ted. Liberal cash advances made on consign-Orders promptly filled by CROPPER, PATTON, & CO., Nos. 143 and 145 East Fourth st.

Nos. 143 and 145 East Fourth st.

LOUISVILLE, KY

Has now in store a most elegant stock of

by express against payment free of Charges.

GEO. C. SATTERLEE, President. WM. K. LOTHROP, Secretary.

D. R. SATTERLEE, President. CHAS. WILSON, Secretary.

JAS. W. OTIS, President. R. W. BLEECKER, Secretary.

GEO. T. HOPE, President. H. H. LAMPORT, Secretary. OYBUS PECK, Assistant Sec'y.

Cash Fund belonging to the Members In- Insures Lives on the Mutual Principle. NET ACCUMULATION exceeding \$3,000,000, and increasing, for the benufit of members, present and future—the whole safely and advantageously rested. The business conducted exclusively for the benefit persons insured. greatest risk taken on a life \$15,000. olus distributed among the members every fifth rom December 1, 1843—settled in cash or by addiyear, from December 1, 1025 Bettook in cash of the tion to policy.

Premiums may be paid quarterly, semi-annually, or annually; or one half of the first five annual premiums on Life Policies loaned to the insured, if desired.

WILLARD PHILLIPS, President.

BENJAMIN F. STEVENS, Secretary.

Forms of Application, reports, and interesting documents of the Company will be furnished, and any desired information given by the Agent.

LOUISVILLE REFERENCES. Hon. W. F. Bullock, B. Burge, Esq., A. Rawson, Esq., D. P. Faulds, Esq., George Davis, Esq. J. L. DANFORTH, Agent.
Office in Nowcomb's building, northwest corner
Main and Bullitt streets; entrance on Bullitt street.

AUGUST ELECTION.

Fulton Fire Insurance Company, FOR CONGRESS. N. COWGILL, of Fulton county, is a candidal
to represent the First District in the next U.
House of Representatives. jl dtd\* Oash Capital and Surplus - - - 3250,000. STH DISTROT.

W. H. RANDALL, of Laurel county, is the Union candidate for Congress from the Eighth District.

m27 d&wte\* WM. A. COBB, President. JAS. M. BANKIN, Secretary. m27 d&wte\*

4TH DISTRICT.

CAPT. WILLIAM J. HEADY is announced as a Candidate for Congress in the 4th Congressional District, subject to the endorsement of a Union Demecratic convention.

THE Hon. ROB. MALLORY is a candidate for Congress to represent the 5th District, La Fayette Fire Insurance Company, No. 14, WALL ST., NEW YORK CITY. Cash Capital and Surplus - - - \$175,000. T. J. BERGEN, President. JAS. B. THOMPSON, JR., Secretary. NEW HAVEN, CONN. Cash Capital and Surplus - - \$300,000.

FOR THE STATE SENATE.

The state of the stat are authorized to announce GIBSON MAL-LORY as a candidate for the State Senate in the et composed of Jefferson county and the upper UNES is a candidate for the State Senate from e counties of Hopkins, Webster, and Union. A. the countries of Hopania, mild die Hopania, mild die Hopania in the State Senate from the District composed of the country of Jefferson and First, Second, Tenth, an Eleventh Wards of the city of Louisville. Jid die New York Market North MR. D. S. BRYAN, of Simpson county, Ky., is a candidate for the State Senate from the district composed of Simpson, Allen, &c. jy4 dte\* Three fourths of the profits are returned annually of the policy-holders.

As the authorized Agent of the above named safe, reliable, and justly popular Companies, Insurances will be taken on Lives and Property at equitable rates, and will make prompt and satisfactory settlements of losses. As the division of az Insurance risk among several Companies is regarded as safer and more prudent than a large amount in any one Company, I would respectfully solicit a portion of the business of my friends and the public.

B. D. KENNEDY, Insurance Agent.

OFFICE No. 413 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, in Dulaney's building, over D. O'Hare's Trunk Store. FOR THE LOWER HOUSE. Provide elected.

DR. WM. M. ALLEN is a candidate to represent Jefferson county in the lower House of the nexlegislature, subject to a Union convention, if one b H UGH IRVINE is a candidate for the State Legis lature in the 1st District of the city of Louis ville, composed of the First, Tenth, and Elevent Wards.

FOR STREET INSPECTOR. W.M. BAILEY, present Street Inspector of East ern District, is a candidate for re-election at the August election. jy10 dte\*

I AM a candidate for S'reet Inspector of the Eastern
District at the August election.
jy4dte\*
W. MODENBACH.

MARSHAL'S SALES.

Marshal's Sale. Obst & Rupert, against A. Sweeney, &c. In Chancery. No. 17,366.

A. Sweeney, &c. D.

A. Sweeney, &c. D.

Y VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause,
the undersigned, or one of us, will, on Monday,
July 13, 1863, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell,
at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the CourtHouse door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of
6 and 12 mouths, the
1D pleadings mentioned as the property of A. Sweeny
and Peter McVeigh, bounded thus: beginning at a
point on the south side of Duncan street 180 feet west
wardly 60 feet; thence southwardly 195 feet to a 30-foot
alley; thence eastwardly with said alley 60 feet; thence northwardly 195 feet to the beginning.

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid and a lien will be retained as additional security.

THOMAS A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C. jy3 dta

N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy. having the best assortment from all the first French manufacturers, which he sells at importers' prices.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL, on Monday, July 13, 1863, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court-House decr, in the city of Louisville, A LOT OF GROUND

Fronting 168 feet on Preston street, and also fronting 160 feet on Caldwell, to a 20-foot alley.

TERMS OF SALE are '2 cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, with interest and lien on the property for deferred payments. THOMAS A. MORGAN. Marshal's Sale.

Wish to Procure the Service of A good Male House Servant. One who can attend to a horse specially desired. WM, KENDRICK, 1981&b3&w1\* 225 Third st. Ann Eliza DeWitt, &c., BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUIS-Divide Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on Monday, July 13, 1863, about the hour of 11 o'clock, A. M., sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court-house door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6, 12, and 18 months, the property in pleadings mentioned, viz: tioned, viz:

THE HOUSE AND LOT
In said city, on Breckinridge streef, between Fourth
and Fifth streets, containing a front of 28 feet on
Breckinridge street, and running back 200 feet to an

alley. The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security. THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. O. .

iy7 dtd N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy. Marshal's Sale. Jas. Finley, Guardian, against Jno. P. Fairfax, &c., In Chancery. No. 17,928.

By VIRTUE OF A DEOREE OF THE LOUIS-the undersigned, or one of us, will, on Saturday, July 18, 1865, about the hour ef 11 o'clock A. M., sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, on the premises, in Jeffersontown, Jefferson county, Ky., on a credit of 6, 12, and 18 months, the property in plead-ings mentioned, viz: ings mentioned, viz:

LOTS NOS. 16 AND 17.

Fronting 112 feet on Main street, and running back 10 poles, in Jeffersontown, with improvements thereon, known as a tavern stand.

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.

Jy7 dtd N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

IN THIS INSTITUTION ARE TAUGHT ALL the higher and lower branches of the German and English languages, also French, with Vocal and Instrumental Music on the Piano and Guitar.

Pupils will be taught Plain and Fancy Needle-work, Plain Sewing, Knitting, Crochet, Fillet-work, Embroidery, Tetton, Raised Zephyr-work, Dress-making, also Artificial, Hair, and Worsted Flowers, Wax Fruits and Flowers, Drawing and Painting in Water colors, Glass and Oil Painting, &c.

Business letters to be addressed to

Rev. LEANDER STREBER,

Pastor of St. Martin's Church, Shelby st., or to JNO. M. STOKES & SON. New Patent Camp Chair.



THE BEST PORTABLE CHAIR IN THE WORLD Made of oak, hickory, and maple, with bent arms, and riveted at every joint—either earpet or came seat-weighs only 8 pounds—the best Chair yet invented for Army Officers in Camps, Hospitals, or Forts: for Concert or Ball Rooms, Theatres, Steamboats, Pienics, or LIGHT, COMPACT, AND STRONG.

JOHN M. STOKES & SON, jyl dimis SOLE AGENTS, Louisville, Ky. PICNIC! PICNIC!

ST. JOSEPH ORPHAN ASYLUM. Appeal to the Citizens of Louisville and vicinity.

THE ABOVE ASYLUM, WELL KNOWN IN

BANK OF RENTUCKY. DIVIDEND OF THREE BOLLARS \$ SHARE, free of Government duty, will be paid to stock-days on demand, d3 Cashier pro tem.

W HISKEY—
100 bbls Extra Whiskey;
50 bbls Robertson county Whiskey;
75 bbls copper distilled do;
85 bbls old Bourbon do;
25 bbls old Rye; do;
In store and for sale by
iv7

JNO. R. GHEENS & CO. IN STORE ON CONSIGNMENT-10 bbls Feach Brandy;
10 bbls Apple do;
50 bbls new Bourbon;
50 bbls old co;
25 bbls Alcohol;
25 bbls Alcohol;
25 bbls Neutral Spirits;
400 bbls new raw Whiskey;
150 bbls old "do:

ne Vinegar.

lowest market rates at

DORN, BARKHOUSE, & CO.'S,

Commission Merchant Commission Merchants, jyl 428 Main st., bet. Fourth and Fifth.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

WISHING TO RAISE THE SUM OF 5,000 cash, I offer the following proper for sale: The place upon which I rele, known as "Bellavista" (situated 5 miles from the Court-house, near the Bardstown pike), containing 20 acres of level No. 1 land. The improvements are substantial, built of stone (in Gothic style), well finished inside. The house contains 2 cellars, 7 rooms, 2 halls, garret, bay window, and bark porch. The servants house (built also of stone) contains 6 rooms. Out-buildings and fencing new and good. A never-failing well of pure water; also filtered cistern water at the kouse. There are 700 selected fruit trees of the best varieties of apples, Siberian and American crabs, peaches, plums, quinces, pears Bartletts, Seckles, Bell, White Doyenne, Louis Bon de Jørsey, and other kinds). There are also pecans, chestnuts, walauts, mulberries, maples, hickories, dogwoods, sassafras, red-buds, beeches, oaks, and other forest trees o' young growth; also hazlenuts, Chickasaw plums, wildcherries, magnolias, shrubberr, flowers of all kinds, evergreens, cypress, wild cane, arbors, and vines in a yard of 4 acres well set in blue-grass. There are three kinds of raspberries, strawberries currants, pie-plant, &c., and 3 large asparagus beds—cares in cultivation, balance in grass. Also to be in cluded all the crops. 4 cows, herses carriage, wagon and all the tools and farming implements (which ar new), and fowls and coal and kitchen range, &c. Also 3 family servants (about 2) years old) and infant (12) years old), being cook, house-girl and child, and man servant. Title perfect. Apply on the premises o through post-office to WABBEN CHAMBERLIN, 199 d3\*

A LOT ON THE WEST SIDE OF SIXTH STREET, and having a front of 90 feet. For further particulars inquire of J. Guthrie Coke, at G. A. & J. Caldwell's, on Jefferson street, between Fifth and Centre streets, jy9 d6\* For Sale,

For Rent. A TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING CON-taining 5 rooms and kitchen, with stable, &c., situated on Broadway, between Hancock and Clay. For information address M. M. D., 199 d6\* FOR SALE-A GOOD SADDLE-HORSE fully 16 hands high, and works well, as Maxwell's stable, on Sixth street.

198 di\*

AN EXCELLENT TWO-STORY FRAME
HOUSE, or north side Walnut, between Preston and Jackson, containing 7 rooms, gas, ciston, and all necessary out-buildings. The
tis 30 by 111 feet. Terms \$2,000, all cash. Luquire of
B. LYNCH,
jy7 d6
Journal office.

THE FIXTURES OF A COPPER DISTILLERY, all complete. Inquire of j87 d6 JNO. R. GHEENS & BRO. FOR SALE:
WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION, on the premises
on Saturday, August 1, 1863, to close copartner
ship, the well-known and established property, the MARKET STREET MILLS,

with capacity for grinding 250 barrels of flour, in complete running order. Sale to take place at three o'clock P. M... Terms made known on day of sale. 134 dtd GUY & CLARK.

For Sale,
A NY OF TEN HOUSES AND LOTS, OF DIFFERof 177 acres, 20 miles from Louisville, os the air line to
Frankfort, Ky., for sale or rent. Apply at No. 535
Third street, 100 yards south of Louisville Postofilee.
m25 dtf For Sale--Brick Houses and Building Lots.

A BRICK HOUSE with 10 rooms; Lot 26¼
by 210 feet; north side Jefferson, between
the Bleventh and Twelfth streets.

A BRICK HOUSE with 12 rooms; Lot 30½
by 205 feet; east side Second street, between Walnut and Chestnut streets.

A LOT, 40 by 195 feet, north side Main street, between Bixteenth and Seventeenth streets.

A LOT, 94½ by 200 feet, south side Jefferson street, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets.

A LOT, 120 by 200 feet, east side Fourth street, between York and Breckinridge streets.

The last two will be divided if required.

For terms, apply to
m24 dtf

Mrs. J. A. BEATTIE,

For Sale,

3,400 ACRES FINE FARMING LANDS, IN
newtow and Jasper counties, on the line
of the Logansport and Peoria Bailroad, and in Pulaskt,
White, and Starke counties, Indiana, on the Louiswille, New Albany, and Chicago Saliroad.

WALITER MANN,
At the State Bank, New Albany, Ind.
N. B.—The above lands, except one or two small parcels, are within four miles of railroad stations, and a
large part of them within a mile or two.

For Sale Cheap:

200 FEET OF GROUND on First street, between
Main street and the wharf;
100 FEET OF GROUND on Water street, between
First and Second streets;
100 FEET OF GROUND on Sneed street, between
Washington street and the wharf.
HENRY L. POPE,
m2 dtf
At the Mechanics' Bank.

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL! Cedron Bitte

DIXON'S

AROAMATIC

BLACKBERRY CARMINATIVE

Dysentery, Diarrhea, Flux, Cholera Morbus, and Summer Complaint.

THE SOVEREIGN REMEDY FOR

The immense sales testify to the merits of this rem-The numerous daily reports of astonishing cure attest its value. It has advantages over any other remedy, at once turing the disease, and inparting tone and strength to the system. Is safe and harmless to the infant and powerful in To the soldier especially it is invaluable, being appropriately termed by them, in many certificates,

"The Soldier's Friend." Mothers find it superior to any soothing syrup for children teething, freed from the injurious effects of NARCOTICS, gives rest to the sufferer by removing the

Sold by respectable Dealers everywhere. PRICE 25 CENTS A BOTTLE. WM. F. DAVIDSON,

VACATION SCHOOL

of boys and girls during the vacation in the Cum-land Presbyterian Church, corner Floyd and Chest. Special attention will be given those who desire prepare themselves for admission into either of the Schools at the o prepare themselves for admission into either or takingh Schools at the commencement of the next session, and pupils of the 2d, 3d, and 4th grades who have seen conditioned in any of their studies. To commence Monday, July 6, 1863, at 8½ o'clock.

TREM-\$10 in advance. S. P. BROWDER, 125 d12\*

Principal Third Ward School.

\$50 REWARD.

RAN AWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, living near Shelbyville, Kv., on the 21st, a negro boy named NED, about 18 years of age, 6 feet high, spare made, dark complexion, and will weigh about 150 or 160 pounds. He had on when he fit a pair of blue cotten pants, a dark jeans coat, and an old white hat. I will pay the above reward if taken out of the county and lodged in jail so that I can get him, or \$20 if taken in the county. I purchased said boy from the estate of Bedmond B. Grigsby, near Bloomfield, Nclson county, Ky.

Shelbyville, Ky., June 30, 1863—dtf [Democrat copy and send bill to S. H. K. TROT-LINES AND STAGING—
250 lbs Trot-Lines;
100 lbs Staging;
1ust received and for sale by
jy2 ORRIN RAWSON, 338 Main

NICKELSON'S FOUR-HORSE LEVER POWERS AND THRESHERS FOR SALE AT GALLATIN, TENN.
J. NICKELSON,
Foundery and Machine Works.

PLANTERS' HOTEL,

ACTON YOUNG, Proprietor.
W. L. DAY, Clerk.
Sixth st., between Main and Market, THIS HOTEL IS LOCATED IN THE CENTRE
of the business part of the city, convenient to the
steamboat Landing, Bailroad, Telegraph, and Express
Offices. Persons visiting the city will find it a quiet,
comfortable, and pleasant Hotel.
Omnibuses regularly arrive and depart from this Hotel for the different Railroad Depots. [23 b&jislm\* NOTICE.

THE FIRM OF JUL. DORN & CO. HAS THIS day been changed to the firm of DORN, BARK-HOUSE, & CO.

Thanking our patrons for past favors, we offer our services to them and the public, assuring prompt and punctual attention to all business entrasted to us.

DORN, BARKHOUSE, & CO.,

Produce and Commission Merchants,
Louisville, July 1, 1863.

No. 428 Main st.

J. R. DUPUY Attorney at Law, LOUISVILLE, KY. Will also attend the Courts in Oldham, Shelby, Spen-eer, and Bullitt counties. ju30 d3m NOTICE.
THE STOCK, FIXTURES, AND LEASE OF THE long-established Wholesale Hat, Cap, and Hatters' Trimmings' House of W.C. WHITCHER, deceased, on Walnut street, Cincinnati. is offered for sale. Apply to BATES & SCARBOROUGH, Attorneys, or WILSHIRE.

j29 d12

WANTED.

Megro Boy Wanted,

A LIKELY NEGRO BOY, 16 OR 18 YEARS OLD. as porter. Must come well recommended. April t 69 Main street, one door above Louisville Hotel. jylo d2\*

BOARD WITH A UNION FAMILY WHERE there are no other boarders by a gentleman and wife. References given. Address G. H. W., Box 466, jylo d3 Wanted in Good Earnest,

A CORBESPONDENCE WITH A YOUNG AND respectable lady, who has a small fortune, by a young gentleman who is mostly a stranger in this city, but is in a very good business, with a view of love and its consequences. Address 316, Journal office. Nurse Wanted.

A NEGRO GIRL ABOUT 16 YEARS OLD. Apply, if well recommended, at the residence of Dr. T. E. 13 do., southeast corner Brook and Chestnut.

Apples Wanted. WE ARE BUYING EARLY APPLES IN QUANjy8 d6&w1\* 217 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

Wanted,
A FIRST RATE PLUMBER. To a good workman
La the highest wages will be given. Apply immediately to
J. WILLARD & OO.,
j9 d2 309 Green st., bet. Third and Fourth. WANTED—ENERGETIO AGENTS TO CANVA
for the HISTORY OF THE GREAT REBEILLION, by Hon. J. T. Headley, the most reliable,
attractive, and powerful Historical Writer of the age.
First volume now ready. Agents are meeting with
unparalleled success. Over 100,000 cepies already sold.
Circulars giving all necossary information in regard
to the work. Terms to Agents, &c., mailed free. Oal
on or address C. M. DUNN & CO., Publishers,
42 Fourth street, corner Walnut, Cincinnatt, O.

VV UNEQUALLED PRIZE AND STATIONERY PACKAGES, containing 100 useful articles, and accempanied by a magnificent box of Jewelry, from which each purchaser can select a prize to suit themselves. The articles contained in a package could not be purchased elsewhere for \$1, yet the price is but 25 cents. Agents easily clear \$15 per day at this greatmoney-making business. Circulars sent free.

June3 dly Cincinnati, O., and Chicago, Ill.

WANTED (ENITTING MACHINE). ELLIOT & BRANSON, General Agents, apr27 dly 120 Lake street, Chicago, Ill.

Wanted to Rent,
Wanted to Rent,
A GOOD, COMFORTABLE DWILLING.
HOUSE, containing 5 to 7 rooms, in the central part of the city. Address Drawer Ne. 18, 1111 Post-office. DR. JOHN BULL'S COMPOUND CEDRON BITTERS.

COVERY Of the 19th Gentury.

No MAN'S NAME IS MORE INTIMATELY CONnected with the history of the Materia Medica of
the United States, or more favorably known as a pioneer in medical discovery, than that of Dr. JOHN
BULL, of Louisville, Ky. His inimitable preparation
of Sars parilla, has long stood at the head of the varipus compounds of that valuable drug. His Compound
vord throughout the West and Second a household The Latest and Most Important Dis-

DYSPEPSIA. And its attendant train of symptoms, it acts more like a charm than a medicine. There is nothing in the whole range of the Materia Medica that can for a moment bear a comparison with it in this disease.

A full account of this wonderful plant may be found to the lith edition of the U. S. Dispensatory, pages 1387 and 1387. A full account of this wonderful plant may be found in the lith edition of the U. S. Dispensatory, pages 1387 and 1388.

A series of experiments, in which Dr. Bull has been for years engaged, has just been brought to a successful termination, and he is now enabled to offer to the public a clmbination of Cedron with other approved tonics, the whole preserved in the best quality of copper-distilled Bourbon whisky, which he is confident has no equal in the world.

He might furnish a volume of certificates, but the public have long since learned to estimate such things at their true value. The safest plan is, for every one to test for himself the virtues of a new medicine. Give the

Gne trial and you will never use any others.

It is not necessary to publish a long list of diseases for which the Cedron Bitters are a specific.

In all diseases of the STOMACH, BOWELS, LIVER, OR KIDNEYS;
In all affections of the BRAIN DEPENDING UPON DERANGEMENT OF THE STOMACH OR BOWELS;
In GOUT, RHEUMATISM, AND NEURAL-GIA: In GOUT, RHEUMATISM, AND NEURALGIA:
And in FRVER AND AGUE;
It is destined to supersede all other remedies. It not
only cures all those diseases, but it prevents them.
A wine glass full of the Bitters taken an hour before
each meal will obviate the lill effects of the most unhealthy climate, and screen the person taking it
against disease under the most trying exposure.
Sold by Druggists and Grocers generally.
323 Dr. John Bulli's Principal Office, Fifth
street, Louisville, Ky.

GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY. Chartered by the Legislature of Kentucky, For the Cure of all Private Diseases.

A MEDICAL REPORT (JUST PUBLISHED-PRICE ONLY 10 CTS.). Containing Sixty Pages and Thirty Fine Plates and Bugravings of the Anatomy and Physiology of the Sexual Organs in a state of Health and Disease, Organs in a state of Health and Disease,

ON A NEW METHOD OF
treating VENEREAL DISEASES, including Syphilis in all its
stages, Gonorrheas, Gleet, Stricture, Varioocele and Hydrocele,
Diseass of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c., WITHOUT MEROURY; centaining a valuable treasties on that wide-spread malady
of youth SEMINAL WEAK
NESS, Necturns! Emissions,
Sexual Debility, Impotency, &c.,
the secret infirmities of y-suth
and maturity arising from the
beneful habit of self-abuse. To
which is added observations on FEMALE DISEASES,
and other interesting matter of the utmost impor-

curiesity.
DR. DEWEE'S REGULATOR PILLS—For Female

sent by mail.

JR. GALEN'S PREVENTIVE—An invaluable
ticle for those wishing to limit the number of their
ofispring or the barren who desire children; warrant
ed not to injure the health, and will last a lifetime.
Sout to any address, under seal, on receipt o. the price
TWO DOLLARS. e 314 Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson. ville is uninterrupted."

All transactions private and confidential. Remember the name and number. Direct all letters to GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY,
Drawer 247, Louisville, Ky.
may24 deodlyla&weowtf

MRS. A. NAUTS. BOYS' AND GIRLS'

ESTABLISHMENT, East side of Third st., between Walnut and Guthrie, next door to Calvary Church. MES. NAUTS KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A large stock of goods for the making of Boys' and Girls' Clothing, and also has Beady-made Clothes for Children in stock, such as shortest possible netice.

Patterns received regularly from Paris of the very Finking of most elegant styles done.

Mrs. Nauts also keeps an assortment of Articles for

GEO. W. SMALL. New Goods! New Goods!

Brussels Carpets; Three-ply Carpets;
Two-ply Carpets;
Hemp Carpets;
Linen Sheeting, 6-4, 8-4, 11-4, & 12-4: Cotton " " " " Towels, Napkins, and Doilles;

Cotton Duck, &o.

These Goods are all new, and will be sold at the lowest market price for CASH ONLY.

327 Main street, between Third and Fourth,

j20 Sdoors west of the Bank of Louisville. The Best Artificial Help for Hu-

man Sight ever Invented. E. SINCERE, Practical Optician, MAIN ST.; UNDER NATIONAL HOTEL, SPHEROIDAL SPECTACLES, The latest and most approved Lens yet invented:

So Superior Optical, Mathematical, and Physical
Instruments.

What include Eyes inserted without causing and provide and prov

NEW MILLINERY STORE. FOR SALE,

STORE SALE

STORE SALE,

STORE SALE,

STORE SALE,

STORE SALE,

STORE SALE

STORE S

It is hardly necessary to call attention to the important orders which emanate this morning from the military authorities, who are the faithful and lynx-eyed guardians of this season, at a cost of \$42,000. The rebels the public safety. Their recommendations also burned the wharfboat at Brandenburg, must be received as imperative duties. Our and stole whatever they found to suit them citizens are enjoined to make preparations against anticipated danger. It may be that these precautions will prove unnecessary, but the officers to whom our protection is entrusted would be derelict of duty had they not forewarned us of the necessity for preparations. Let the orders be scrupulously carried out. Let us devote ourselves to the overshadowing duties of the hour as patriots, and assist at the laying out of the crushed rebellion. The East and the West have dealt their vigorous blows, and the great centre of the Union may now be called upon to perform its share. Who can doubt that it will be done zealously, efficiently, and pa-

Men of Louisville, your State and country require your services to the exclusion of all ordinary business. Rally, then, to the call, and, should the insolent rebels menace your city, let us show the traitor Buckner, the ingrate Preston, and their robber associates that we are fully prepared for them.

Our city is now under martial law; all business houses must close at 10 o'clock this morning, and families must supply their subsistence, as the markets will be closed. We direct special attention to the order of Gen. Boyle, and trust it will be vigilantly carried

The rebels have been driven out of by an officer says, their retreat has been disastrous and demoralizing to them. It is genthousand prisoners in the mountains. Nothing but the excessive rains and the impassable condition of the roads prevented us from overthrowing and destroying their entire army. It had rained for fifteen successive days. One may judge of the roads when it is stated that it took two divisions of Crittenden's corps four days to march twenty miles. The north end of the bridge across the Tennessee at Bridgeport was burned by Bragg to prevent Rosecrans from following him. It as one of the longest and finest structures of the kind in the South.

To-Day's Races .- Despite the rumors of pleasure craves its excitements. At Woodlawn to-day a stallion race will come off. In addition to the entries of John Henry, Edward Everett, Gold Dust, and Limber Jim, all favorite animals on which their respective friends are "ready to bet their pile," the refreshment stands will be under charge of Cawein & Kohlhept, of Walker's Exchange, which ensures agreeable and comforlable entertainment to all who visit the delightful re-

Vicksburg, after its capitulation, according to correspondents, appeared much dilapidated. Many houses are injured. The Vicksburg paper of July 2 admits the eating of mule meat and the pilfering of soldiers in private houses. Mrs. Cisco, wife of an officer in the artillery service, was killed on Monday in the city. Gen. Green, formerly of Missouri, was killed last week. Col. Griffin, of the Thirty-first Louisiana regiment, was also killed. There seemed to be much suffering there from sickness and our missiles.

THE TABLEAUX .- In consequence of the excitement in the city, the tableaux for the benefit of the Portland Baptist Church is postponed until further notice. Those who have purchased tickets will please retain them until the exhibition, which will most certainly be given when our military excitement is over.

pleasing their audiences nightly. Their orchestra is very fine, their ballads are new, and sung with vigor and taste, and their comicalities and negro eccentricities are new

The Pennsylvania Central Railroad is safe and unbroken, and is running passenger and freight trains with its usual regularity. No fear of danger or delay. Four daily trains from Pittsburg to New York via Philadelphia. Allentown to New York in advance of other

Coincident .- The 4th of July, 1863, was almost as eventful as the 4th of July, 1776. The rebels were defeated in Pennsylvania, Vicksburg surrendered, and 18,000 rebels were whipped by 5,000 Unionists, at Helena, Ark. All in one day, and that day the Fourth of July-the day of our birth as a nation and of

Most certainly Colonel Hicks had no intention to misrepresent the conditions upon which he was discharged from arrest. Those conditions were differently understood by different persons. Whether the Colonel did or did not take the oath of allegiance, we have no doubt that he will observe its obligations.

The police of Louisville have formed themselves into a military company for the defence of the city, and drill regulariy two hours every day. The company is fifty-five strong. The officers are: John Morts, Cartain, and Jack Weatherford and Alex. Cross,

SHOCKING ACCIDENT .- Daniel McCreary, an old and esteemed citizen of Decatur township, Indiana, while returning home from Indianapolis on the Fourth, was thrown from his buggy, falling under the feet of the horse, and was kicked to death.

BOARD OF TRADE .- The Secretary will be in attendance at the Mechanics' Library, on Fourth street, daily from 10 to 12 o'clock, for the transaction of business and to receive the suggestions of members.

The steamer McCombs, captured at Brandenburg by the rebels, and used by them to ferry their force over the Ohio river into Indiana, arrived here at 2 o'clock yesterday

ARREST OF A HORSE-THIEF .- A man named T. J. McCurdy, hailing from Scott county, Indiana, was arrested in Carrollton, Kentucky, on Saturday, charged with stealing We are indebted to C. W. Cottom, Esq.,

Local Editor of the New Albany Ledger, for valued and esteemed favors. Command us,

Dr. Hamilton, Medical Inspector, twice taken prisoner by John Morgan, the last time at Brandenburg, has been paroled, and arrived

The Journal and Anzeiger were elected to do the city printing at a joint session of the City Council last night.

Mr. Barnett Guy was elected Trustee

took his seat as a Councilman last night.

Morgan's Invasion of Indiana.

The Steamer Alice Dean Burned. Continued Skirmishing with Home Guards

Marching on Corydon.

When the rebels had made all the use they desired of the steamers McCombs and Alice Dean, Gen. Morgan ordered both these boats burned; but, through the interposition of Duke and Johnson, the McCombs was spared. The Alice Dean, because, as Morgan said, she was a Cincinnati boat, was burned. She was a new and splendid boat, and belonged to the Dean Company at Cincinnati. She was built on both steamers and the wharfboat.

At a very early hour in the morning the rebels left the river opposite Brandenburg, and were, at the last accounts received, about five miles from Corydon, between that town and the Ohio river. Considerable skirmishing has taken place between their advance and the Home Guards of Harrison and Crawford counties, and so far the Home Guards have lost five men killed, eight or ten wounded, and about forty prisoners. The rebel forces are commanded by John Morgan, Bazil Duke, and Bushrod Johnson, and Morgan and Duke gave out that their destination was Indianapolis and the principal railroad crossings and bridges of the State-the latter to be torn up and burned, and the Government arsenal and stores at Indianapolis to be destroyed. Of course but little reliance can be placed in anything that Morgan may say in this regard. A courier arrived in New Albany yesterday evening at five o'clock and reported that an engagement was going on, two miles from Corydon, between Morgan's forces and the Home Guards. If not reinforced, the Home Guards were probably defeated.

From the New Albany Ledger we glean more particulars of the invasion. It states that a courier had arrived in that city with news that the rebels moved from opposite Brandenburg Wednesday night, and that at 7 Middle Tennessee, and, as a despatch received o'clock Thursday two rebel regiments of cavalry and a battery of artillery were within four miles of Corydon, and that a large body singing proclaimed the truth of the report erally believed they had lost not less than five of Home Guards were greatly retarding their movements.

Skirmishing was going on constantly, and a general engagement was expected to take place Thursday afternoon. So far, since the rebels commenced their movements, five of the Harrison county Home Guards have been killed-Lieut. James Cairnes, Jacob McFall, George Jones, Wm. Nance, and one other | The Government will do much better if it will

whose name our informant did not remember. | prosecute the war. The reported capture of the gun belonging to the Leavenworth Home Guards is contradicted. It is in possession of the Harrison county boys, and is doing good service. There is a large Union force at and near Corydon, under command of Col. Jordan, of the Legion, war and invasion the world of fashion and and intrenchments are being constructed by Colonel J.

> Quite a sharp skirmish is reported to have taken place on Wednesday evening, two miles back from the river, in the direction of Corydon, and it was in this skirmish that most of those above mentioned as being killed lost their lives.

> A despatch received in New Albany, dated Corydon, half-past nine o'clock yesterday morning, says that "the rebels, in large force, number not definitely known," were advancing upon that town, and, when the despatch was penned, were but five or six miles distant. They were held in check by the Home Guards, of whom there was a large force in the town and its immediate vicinity. The best of feeling prevailed among our men, and they were eager for a fight and confident of on the front this morning, but with what casualties was not known.

KEROSENE OIL .- A correspondent gives some interesting statistics for Kerosene oil speculators in the shape of an account of three hundred and fifty barrels of that article bought and sold in 1862:

50 bbls, guage 2,005 gallons net, stored 3 months, los guage 4,010½ gallons net, stored 2 months.loss 210½ gallons. 100 bbls, guage 4,120 gallons net, stered 4 months, loss 260 gallons. Total bbls, 350—total loss, 1,070½ gallons.

The above were stored in cellars and care-MASONIC TEMPLE - Campbell Minstrels .- This | fally inspected every month. The first month, truly excellent troupe of minstrels are doing when direct from refinery, they leaked but a fair business at Masonic Temple, and are little; every month after the leaks steadily increase. The third or fourth month dealers begin to find empty barrels. They need to be coopered, and it is impossible to keep them . tight at that. From this it appears that purchasers should be certain to have the oil barrels guaged at the time of delivery. -

General Dan. Sickles, after displaying great gallantry in the battle of Thursday, was, near the close of the engagement, struck in the right leg by a fragment of a shell. His The Express train from Pittsburg connects via leg was amputated below the knee, and he is in a fair way to recover. His health has not latterly been firm, and when the late active operations commenced, he was enjoying a furlough at his country place near New York. When Lee's plan of invasion was developed he hastened to place himself at the head of

THE PACIFIC RAILBOAD.-Information has been received from Kansas to the effect that the first forty miles of the great Pacific Railway will be completed during the present year. It commences at the mouth of the ribbons. Kansas or Kaw river, and follows the valley of that stream. Four hundred miles of the line are under contract, and the work will be pushed rapidly forward. The Pacific Railway of Missouri proposes to extend its line so as to connect with the eastern terminus of the great national highway.

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY. Louisville, Ky., July 10, 1863.

I. At the request of the Boards of Aldermen and Common Council, and from reason of its necessity, martial law is hereby declared within the city of Louisville and county of Jefferson, State of Kentucky.

II. All business houses of every kind, drinking saloons, and places of public amuse-ment will be closed at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. Citizens will supply themselves with subsistence until further orders. No markets will be held, and all citizens forbade leaving the city without permits of the Provst Mar-shal, under penalties of military law.

III. All citizens between the ages of twenty and forty-five, enrolled under the act of Congress, and all male persons over the age of eighteen, subject to military duty under the laws of the State, will repair, before the hour of twelve o'clock M., to the precincts in their respective Wards and enroll in companies of not less than seventy-five, and not exceeding one hundred, and elect their officers, Captains, First and Second Lieutenants, and report to these headquarters the names of officers, privates, the precinct, and Ward, and also rep ll delinquents and persons failing to enlist.

IV. All persons over the age of 45 will enroll in their respective Wards, and select officers and report to these headquarters. V. Females, and all persons not on duty under arms, will not leave their houses, withunder arms, will not leave their nouses, without special written permits, after the hour of
7½ o clock P. M. Major D. O. Fitch, Provost
Marshal, will see that par. V. is executed, and
will arrest and confine in Military Prison and
County Jail all violating this order, and all
persons failing to enroll and join companies
for the defence of the city and State. The
Jailer of Jefferson county is hereby ordered
to receive all persons, and keen them safely to receive all persons, and keep them safely ntil further orders.
VI. Officers of railroads and their employes, telegraph officers and operators, and officers and employes of steamboats are exempt from

Captain M. H. Jouett, Captain H. B. Grant, Captain Speed Peay, Lieutenant Geo. K. Speed, and volunteer aids Noble But-ler, John Tompkins, and E. H. Semple will see that his order is executed, and report the enrolment of companies and officers selected.

By command of Brig.-Gen. Boyle.

A. U. SEMPLE,

A BIT OF ROMANCE-MISS CHARLOTTE CUSH-MAN .- The correspondent of the Missouri Democrat gives the following in his letter from

out of the town, he was on horseback gallop ing through one of the streets, and when passing an old dingy brick house, almost his r robe de nuit, beckoning him toward her though advised not to stop, he wheeled hi rse around and entered the yard. A he-rebel inmate of the house, tried to keep him from tering, while the lady called out to him that must come. So pushing Mr. Rebel to one le, he passed into the house and entered the ly'sroom. She proved to be the beautiful Miss Cushman, then quite ill and prostrated by a nervous fever, brought on by the hardships, indignities, and insults she had lately undergone. As he entered the room she caught him by the hand and said, "Thank God, you all have come at last; I am now safe!" Her story was short. Her wrongs and suffering have been long. Two or three months ago she had occasion to pass through the lines from Nashville to Shelbyville. When she arrived there it was discovered by the rebel authorities that she was a Unionist. These two circumstances taken together were anough to convict her as a spy, under the malignant and urbitrary rulings of the rebel military Goverament. She was arrested, tried, and con-demned to be executed. She tried to make her escape to our lines, but could not succeed. Before the day fixed for her execution she was taken dangerously ill, and was then re-moved to the house in which she was discovered. They left Shelbyville in such haste that they either forgot her, or else they had not the cansportation to carry her. I suppose the muskets, &c., that they could not carry, and the only carriage that could be had carried General Bragg and family out of town in great haste a few hours before we entered. Since Miss Cushman's arrest she has been treated by rebel women in such a manner as one who has heard the rebels talk of Southern chivalry and honor would not expect. ng breastpin, bracelets, dresses, collars, handkerchiefs, &c. They even took her last hoop skirt. She is now safe in Nashville. An ambulance was fitted up for her, and in it she was sent forward. The rebels say that plans of the footifical say that plans of their fortifications around Shelbyville were

found on her person. REVIVAL AMONG THE REBELS -One of the most curious features of the rebel invasion was the holding of a prayer-meeting by one of the regiments of Ewell's corps in the streets of Boonsboro, Md., whose loud prayers and previously published that a revival had taken place in Jackson's corps.

A Suggestion .- The New York Evening Post mildly suggests: "It is reported in a morning paper that the Government intends to prosecute the journals which copied a recent article from a Philadelphia paper giving the positions of the army eorps in Virginia.

A French gunboat grounded on a rock near Dominica. The commander, whose fault certainly was, landed on the island, walked some three miles, filled a towel with stones, hung it round his neck, and drowned himself He had run his vessel aground once before, The gunboat was got off, and carried her dead ommander to Martinique.

General Meade is a brother-in-law of Henry A. Wise, of Virginia.

NOTICES OF THE DAY.

Old papers for sale at the Journal office. The attention of our readers is called Messrs. Harris & Chatfield's advertisement of a large grocery sale in this morning's pa-per, which commences at 10 o'clock. From the stock of goods to be sold, we think buy-ers will do well to attend.

Two beautiful ponies and two fine carriage horses will be offered for sale at Spencer's auction room this morning. The horses are such as are not often offered at an auction sale.

A splendid assortment of Pea Fowl Fly Palace, Fourth and Green streets. j9 e&m2

World's Fair, London, 1863.—The highest premium has been awarded for the Wheeler we Wilson Sewing Machines at the World's Fair, recently held in London, England, with all other sewing machines in competition. This result was not unexpected of is still highly complimentary to American genius, and a triumph more noteworthy con-sidering the public sentiment in England. This marked recognition of this machine not only adds to its prestige, confirming as it does, the numerous awards here, but she the public that if any sewing is done Wheele & Wilson's is the machine to do it.

WM SUMNER & CO.,

General Agents for the West and Southwest. Office No. 1, Masonic Temple. j3eod Col. Marc Mundy, Commandant of the Post, has rooms at the Louisville Hotel, where strangers going South, arriving after office hours, and entitled to passes, may ob-tain them at 7 o'clock A. M. each day in time to take the morning trains

to take the morning trains.

No passes, however, will be given by the Commandant of the Post at his Hotel to others than those arriving after office hours. UNITED STATES REVENUE STAMPS . - 1 have on hand, and will constantly keep, a full have on hand, and will constant, supply of the above stamps.

Persons ordering by mail may depend upon having their orders filled by return mail.

mar3 dawsm Col. Int. Rev. 3d Dis. Ky. WHOLESALE MILINERY GOODS .- Otis & Co., stairs), has a very large stock of black and white trimmed and untrimmed hats and a very desirable stock of millinery goods generally. They are nearly all late purchases were bought cheap, and will be sold accord-

ingly.
P. S. O.& Co. have a full line of quilled CONFEDERATE MONEY .- The most perfect fac simile of the last plates that have been is-sued, warranted to pass any bank in Dixie paper, water marks, and signatures. Ad-

dress, amount enclosed, Box 127, Louisville P. O.
P. S. Not less than five dollars sold.

Just received-One hundred boxes bar ber soap, 50 boxes palm soap, 15 gross honey and glycerine soaps, and 10 gross assorted whitenings for the face—all choice goods—for whitenings for the face—an envisor whitenings for the face—and retail at J. SUES.

public is called to my Elastic Paint and Roof-ing Cement, which is considered, by all who have tested it, to be the best and cheapest material of the kind, now in use, for tin, iro
or metal roofs. C. COGGESHALL,
Sign of the Elastic Roofing, Jefferson stre
between Fourth and Fifth. jlodts

Hill's Gold Pens!

HILL'S GOLD PEN MANUFACTORY-Is the lace to buy fine Pens, Cases, &c .- can suit any hand. Gold Pens Repointed for 50c. Pens sent safely by mail. sent safely by mail.

Those wishing a superior pen, warranted perfect in every respect, will send stamp for price list.

N. B.—Stencil Brands cut as usual.

m7 dtf 407 Main street, below Fourth;

DRY GOODS. D. C. TABB, corner of Market and Fourth treets, has now in store a complete assortmen of the newest and most desirable stock of La dies' Dress Goods for Spring and Summer, and the best stock of Domestic Goods, to be found in the city.
Strangers visiting the city will find it to

erest to give this house a call.
j&b WM. TURNER, Agent. The Hon. Robert Mallory will speak as Middletown, July 10; Hay's Springs, July 11. Speaking to commence daily at 1 o'clock.

GEN. BRAMLETTE'S APPOINTMENTS. Friday, July 10, Versailles. Saturday, July 11, Lawrenceburg. Monday July 13, Taylorsville. Tuesday, July 14, Shelbyville. Wednesday, July 15, New Castle.

AUCTION SALES.

BY HARRIS & CHATFIELD.

FRESH FLOUR, RIO COFFEE, NAILS, TOBACCO HAVANA CIGARS, BROOMS, OLD COPPER WHISKEY, GREEN TEAS, WRAPPING TWINE, MACKEREL, and (for account of whom it may con cern, 100 BOXES ENGLISH DAIRY, HAMBURG, AND WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE AT AUCTION.

THIS MORNING (FRIDAY). July 10, at 10 o'clock, will be sold at Auction-Rooms, No. 731 Main street, south side, between Seventh and Eighth, a large lot of the above goods, with a variety of other articles in the Grocery line. ## Dealers and buyers generally will find this an excellent opportunity to procure choice goods at reduced pilocs, as we have peremptory orders to close out the entire lot. HARRIS & CHATFIELD,

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE BY L. KAHN & CO.,

404 MAIN STREET.

BY C. C. SPENCER. FINE ROCKAWAY, CARRIAGE MATCH HORSES

MEXICAN PONIES, DOUBLE HARNESS, FINE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ROSEWOOD PIANO, AT AUCTION.

ON FRIDAY MORNING, July 10, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, in front of Auction-Rooms, No. 230 Main street, two Mexican Ponies, well-broke to saddle and harness; also two blooded bay Carriage Horse, well matched and full brothers, kind and gentle, and broke for either dcuble or single harness, raised near Lexington, Ky., sired by Ewing's Lance, and out of Margaret Winston; also a fine Rockaway Carriage, with movable rront, and can be used as an epen Rockaway or ciose Carriage, capable of seating four or six persons; also 2 sets of fine double Harness. After which will be sold a fine inlaid rosewood 7-cetave Piano, a very fine oak mirror-back Stdeboard Misses' Bectsteads, enclosed Wash-Stands, Bureausy Mattresses, Rim Chaire, Tables, China and Glassware, Cooking Range with hot water attachment, Brussels and Ingrain Carpete, and a wariety of other articles in the Furniture and Housekeeping line.

BET The special attention of buyers is called to the two Mexican Ponies, the Carriage Borses, rosewood Piano, and Rockaway. Furniture buyers and house-keepers will find many valuable and desirable articles suited to their wants.

Sale postive and peremptory. Sale postive and peremptory.
Terms cash.

jy7d4

O. C. SPENCER,
Auctioneer

AUCTION NOTICE.

IMPORTANT AND PEREMPTORY WEEKLY TRADE SALES

OF

In the City of Booklyn, L. I.,

Commencing Thursday, July 16, and ending December 17, 1863.

JAMES H. PRENTICE mond and Willoughby streets, Brooklyn, L.I., on evry Thursday during the season, the entire production

Thursday, July 16, 1863, at 11 o'clock, WHEN HE WILL OFFER A FULL LINE OF

Fur and Wool Hats,

Of every description, IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS.

annoncement the undersigned begs to state that in the sales for this season the same principles that have characterized those of the past will be strictly obknown reputation; thus securing to each sale a varied-and complete assortment of styles adapted to the

Orders will be received from those not able to attend, The Hats will be prepared for inspection by catalogue on the morning of the sale. -The entire offerings will be sold without reserve.

JAMES H. PRENTICE, Consignments of Hats, Hatters' Trimmings, and Straw Goods are solicited and will be sold on favorable

AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE,

No. 731 Main st,, south side, bet. Seventh and Eighth LOUISVILLE, KY. HARRIS&CHATFIELD, AUCTIONEERS. SOLICIT CONSIGNMENTS OF MERCHANDISE New and Second-hand Furniture for public or private sale. Liberal cash advances made on consign

Out-door Sales promptly attended to. Gardner & Co., Louisville, Ky. Nock, Wicks, & Co., " Smith & Waide, Wm. L. Weller, Webb & Levering, "

THE GREAT INDIAN WEDICINE



CHEROKEE CURE Emissions, Impotency, Loss of Power, Pains in the Back, Stone in the Bladder, Obstructed and Difficult Menstruation, and all Diseases caused by deviating from the course of Nature and indulging in Self-Pollution. By the use of this "CURE" all improper discharges are removed, the weakened organs of generation are speedily cured, and full vigor restored. Either sex contemplating marriage should re

flect that a sound mind and body are necessary to pro motelconnubial happiness. In the Cherokee Cure" the poor, debilitated worn down, and despairing devotee of sensual pleasur will find relief. The listless, ennervated youth, the overwor

man of business, the victim of nervous depression, the individual suffering from general debility, or from the weakness of a single organ, will all find immediate and permanent relief from the use of this great To those who have trifled with their constitution until they think themselves beyond the reach of

medical aid we would say:

Never Despair! The "Cherokee Cure" will relieve you after all Quack Doctors have failed!! It deals with disease as it exists, not only striking at the very seat and removing the causes upon which it depends, but it rebuilds the broken constitu-

tion, carrying life and health through every vein an The "Cherokee Cure" is put up in a highly centrated form-the dose only being from one half to one teaspoonful three times per day. One bottle rarely fails to effect a permanent cure, no matter how long the disease may have existed.

\*\* It is safe and pleasant in taste, but immediate in action! It contains no Mineral Poison, but is prepared from pure vegetable extracts in the form of a For particulars, get a Circular, FREE, from any Drug Store in the country; or write the Proprietor,

who will mail free to any one desiring the same a full Treatise in pamphlet form. PRICE \$2 per bottle, or three bottles for \$5, and forwarded by Express to all parts of the world. Bold by all respectable Druggists everywhere.

AMUSEMENTS.

Monitor

The Capture of Corydon, Indiana.

This unrivalled Band of Minstrels will give Con erts in Louisville,

AT MASONIC TEMPLE, On Wednesday Night, the 8th inst. and on the 9th, 10th, and 11th.

This Band performed here about five weeks age and gave universal satisfaction. Admission 50 cents. Children and Servants half price

Doors open at 7% and performance commences at 8 CHAS. CALHOUN, Manager WOODLAWN RACE-COURSE.

STALLION RACE, Railroad Track Destroyed, &c., &c. On Friday, July 10th, 1863. THE UNDERSIGNED AGREE TO TROT THEIR Stallions, mile heats, three best in five, for the benefit of the Association. The race is open to any breeding stallion owned in Kentucky. A. Pennington names John Henry, tillery, and cavalry, and numbering between 6,000 and 8,000, crossed into Indiana and captured Corydon. Our forces are falling back. It is supposed the rebels are marching on New

. B. Parks names Edward Everett. L. L. Dorsey names Gold Dust. Clock. Cars will leave the depot at 12 and 2 o'clock. j26

SPECIAL NOTICES. HINZEN & ROSEN,

Market st., north side, bet. Sixth and Seventh, LOUISVILLE, KY.

marl2 dly DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, DURINABY, AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS.—Now and reliable treatment—in Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIA-TION—Sent in sealed letter envelops, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

BUCKEYE REAPER. FARMERS. Call and see the BUCKEYE REAPER AND MOWER, h has proven itself in four years' trial by the farm-of Kentucky and Indiana to give better satisfac-and have more points of excellence in it than all

WARRANTY. We warrant these Machines to be well made, of good atterials, simple, durable, and easy of draft for two The Combined Reaper will cut from 12 to 15 acres of small grain per day. One Single Mower will cut and spread from 6 to 10 acres of grass per day—both doing the work in a perfect manner.

The Single Mower will cut lodged grass or lodged and wet clover without clogging.

CASH PRICE. Combined Reaper and Mower - \$165 Combined Reaper and Mower (with Self-Raker) - - 190 Single Reaper = = = = = = = 140 Large Size Mower = = = = = = 130 Small Size Mower = = = = =

NOTICE. We always keep a full supply of Extras for every part of the Machines on hand. \*\*\* Catalogues containing full descriptions of the Machines furnished on application. PITKIN, WIARD, & CO... LOUISVILLE, KY.

SWEEPSTAKES Separator and Cleaner. This Machine is far superior to any Eight-horse Separator and Cleaner ever brought to this market. Call and see it before buying elsewhere or send for a circular.

We have in store a large assortment of the following implements of the very best workmanship: 4 HORSE LEVER POWER THRESHERS, HORSE HAY-RAKES CUTTING-BOXES; CORN-SHELLERS; PLOUGHS, &c.

PITKIN, WIARD, & CO., LOUISVILLE, KY. THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

You may recover your health by the use of other emedies. You may recover without any; but do not ould have saved you. For remember that the friends: your dreams and your own heart tell you ing of your confidence as BRANDRETH'S VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL

PILLS.

It is the only medicine known that can certainly save when all the usual indications tell that you must Mr. John Pudney, springfield, Union co., N. J., has sed BRANDRETH'S PILLS for fifteen years in his family and for all his hands; in which time these Pills have cured them of Bilicus affections, Headache, Rheumatism, Fever and Ague, Measles, Whooping Principal Office 294 Canal st., N. York. Sold by BAYMOND & TYLER, Louisville, and by all respectable dealers in medicine. ASK FOR NEW

TO ARMY SUTLERS.

Louisville Portable Army Bake-Oven. BAKE-OVEN that has given universal satisfaction where used. This Oven has been found by experience to be the only really serviceable one that has been incoduced into the army. I am now prepared to supply at very short notice any number of these incomparable necessities. A patent has been spylied for E. W. MERZ, Louisville Iron Works, 19 dlm Green, between Second and Third, iGincinnati Commercial, Chicago Tribune, and St. Louis Republican publish to amount of \$10.7

Office Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co.

COLUMBIA HOUSE. Cape May. THIS FIRST CLASS HOUSE WILL BE OPEN for the reception of guests on 27th June.

124 d12

J. F. CAKE, Proprietor.

EDWARD T. STURGEON. C. C. CLEMENTS STURGEON & CLEMENTS, Money Brokers, 407 Main st., bet. Fourth and Fifth, up stairs, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

DUY AND SELL GOLD, SILVER, AND DEmand Notes. We also buy Georgia, Alabama,
South Carolina, Louisiana, aud Tennesses Bank Notes.
We pay the highest market rates for Kentucky and
State Bank of Indiana Money. We sell Money on
commission at low rates. We respectfully solicit public patronage.
STURGEON & OLEMENTS,
jy2 dlm
407 Main street.

RAN AWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, living near Floydeburg, Oldham county, Ky., on Thursday, June 25, a negro man named ALFRED, about 28 or 30 years old, 6 feet 1 or 2 inches tigh, high forehead and a little inclined to be hald headed, downcast look, and weighs about 200 lbs. Had on when he left a pair of tow-linen pants, a long jeans coat made of black sheeps' wool, and a new pair of shoes (No. 12) with rivets in the eye seams. Before leaving he attempted to commit an outrage and mur-THOMPSON.

THOMPSON & CO., PURE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKIES "Old Blue House,"

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS. MORNING DESPATORES.

An Order from Governor Morton.

A Cavalry Fight near Hagerstown.

Gen. Kilpatrick Reported Killed.

Our Losses in the Three Days' Fight.

Rebel Killed and Wounded 18,000.

Cavalry Raid in North Carolina.

Morgan's forces, consisting of infantry, ar-

Albany and Jeffersonville, where large quan-

tities of supplies are stored. Troops are being organized throughout the State and sent

rward as rapidly as possible.
Business was entirely suspended here to

ay, and the citizens were forming companies

unted in all cases where it is possible. The ople in all other parts of the State are earn-

as may be in their power.

J. P. MORTON,

Gov. Ind. and Commander-in-Chief.

Morgan is still in the vicinity of Corydon.

The greatest excitement prevails throughout the State. The militia is coming in rapidly

under the call of the Governor. Fifty thou

are under martial law,

sand will be under arms and marching to the place of rendezvous in twenty-four hours.

was completely surrounded and compelled to

The rebel loss in killed and wounded will ex-

been explored. The whole number of their

usual proportion of wounded to killed, six to one, would make their wounded amount to

I have the honor to report that the cavalry sent from here July 3d, under Col. Lewis, of the 3d New York cavalry, has safely returned,

well as the telegraph. At Keransvslle an armory was destroyed, and large quantities of

small arms and commissary and quartermas-ter's stores were burnt. About 150 animals

and some 30 prisoners were captured by them,

navoc with the rear of Rosecrans.

An important movement has taken place in

Bragg's army, but it is not prudent to mention

particulars.

Third Despatch-Atlanta, July 4.—Gen.

structions to retaliate in kind.

eed this 5,000 or 6,000.

Major-General Commanding.

Washington, July 9.

CAIRO, July 9.

NEW YORK, July 9.

roled, while commissioned officers were to be

The Post says: It is reported to-day, on

The draft commenced in Pittsburg on

t is believed here that a battle is progressing.

The Richmond Enquirer of July 6 is re-

ceived, but contains no important news from

The Enquirer says unofficial information by

FORTRESS MONROE, July 8.

and some 100 alculation and negroes followed them.

J. G. FOSTER,

killed left on the field will exceed 3,000

Maj.-Gen. Halleck, Washington:

eed ours at least 5,000.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 9.

BALTIMORE, July 9.

the Governor

INDIANAPOLIS, July 9.

There has been no fighting this morning.
The fight yesterday near Boonesboro was between Buford's and Kilpatrick's cavalry.
Our troops fell back early in the day, but subsequently re-occupied the ground. Artillery was used on both sides. John Morgan's Raid into Indiana.

There is no truth in the reported death of FORTRESS MONROE, July 8. The following has been received from the N. Albany & Jeffersonville Menaced. ociated Press correspondent at Newbern,

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, NEAR BOONESBORO,

Lieut. Col. Lewis, of the 3d Kentucky cavalry, is in command of the cavalry force now penetrating the interior of this State, which is a part of the expedition which left here on the morning of the 4th inst. Gen. Hickman is in Citizens on Border Ordered to Drill.

command of the other portion of the com-

PROCLAMATION BY THE MAYOR MAYOR'S OFFICE, July 8, 1863.

To the Citizens of Louisville: In compliance with resolutions adopted by the General Council, I hereby call upon and enjoin all able-bodied male citizens above the age of eighteen years to assemble at their several voting precincts on Thursday morning, July 9th, 1863, at 10 o'clock A. M., to enroll their names and organize for the defence of the

to conduct said enrollment:

First Ward-1st Precinct, Geo. H. Tingler, r.; 2d Precinct, Fred. Frische. Second Ward—1st Precinct, W. W. Bryan; 2d Precinct, Wm. G. Dinwiddie; 3d Precinct, V. H. Bartholomew.
Third Ward—1st Precinct, J. F. Babbitt; 2d Precinct, Henry Jefferson.
Fourth Ward—lst Precinct, J. D. Seaton;
d Precinct, R. C. C. Jones.
Fifth Ward—lst Precinct, Lee Chambers; d Precinct, T. B. Overton.
Sixth Ward—1st Precinct, T. T. Beatty; 2d Precinct, Geo. Mullgan.
Seventh Ward—1st Precinct, Jno.W. Niven;
d Precinct, Wm. R. Beatty.
Eighth Ward—1st Precinct, W. W. Alexan-

elf-defence. One regiment has been raised a last night. t is reported that two citizens were killed Precinct, W. S. Butterfield.
Tenth Ward—lst Precinct, W.W. Ferguson; Coryden when the rebels entered the town. The following military order has been issued d Precinct, Chas. G. Baner.
Eleventh Ward—1st Precinct, Theo. Cumings; 2d Precinct, E. F. Lowe.
Prompt attendance on the part of the clerks Executive Department, Indianapolis, Ind., July 9, 1863.—Satisfactory evidence having been received that the rebels have invaded Indiana in considerable force, it is hereby ordered and required that all able-bodied white requested. They will make their returns to

dered and required that all able-bodied white male citizens in the several counties south of the National Road forthwith form companies of at least sixty persons, elect officers, and arm themselves with such arms as they can procure. Said companies will perfect themselves in military drill as rapidly as possible, and hold themselves subject to further orders from the Department. It is desired that they shall be promitted in all cases where it is possible. The WM, KAYE, Mayor. [From the Misseuri Democrat.] OFFICE OF THE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL ) FOR THE STATE OF KENTUCKY, Frankfort, Ky., June 16, 1863.

Mojor S. B. Shaw, St. Louis, Mo.:
DEAR SIR: I am just in receipt of your fa-

vor of June 13, asking my opinion of the "Wesson Cartridge Rifle." I am pleased to people in an other parts of the State are earn-estly requested to form military companies, and hold themselves subject to orders.

Prompt reports of all organizations should be forwarded by telegraph. All officers of the Indiana Legion are charged with the exe-cution of this order, and all United States officers are requested to render such assistance inform you that portions of two regiments of Kentucky cavalry have been armed with this rifle for the last twelve months. The reports from them of the efficiency of this arm are very satisfactory. They are all pleased with it, and would not change it for any other. I have practised with this gun repeatedly from one to five hundred yards. It shoots with great accuracy and force.

Any assistance I can give you in contracting for this arm will afford me pleasure.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
J. F. ROBINSON,

Quartermaster General Kentucky. THE NEWS FROM MEXICO. [Correspondence of the Journal of Commerce.]

One Michigan regiment arrived to-night; another one and a battery of artillery are expected to-merrow. The determination is that Morgan shall not escape. The border counties HAVANA, June 30, 1863. HAVANA, June 30, 1863.

The capital of the Republic of Mexico was in military possession of the French on the evening of the 3d inst., at 7 o'clock, by virtue of an occupation of the premises with 600 men of the 7th regiment light infantry, the place having been deserted by Juarez, who transferred the archives, increases, bureaus, departments, congress, and officers of state to San Luis Potosi, declared by him to be the The American has the following despatch:

Frederick, Md., July 8, 8 A. M.—Our cavalry had a sharp fight with the rebels between Funkstown and Boonsboro, about six miles this side of Hagerstown. The rebels were in heavy force. Our cavalry was compelled to fall back to Bocnsboro with some loss. Gen. Kilpatrick is reported killed, though some accounts say he is only wounded.

We learn that Gen. Kilpatrick's comment was completely surrounded and compelled to San Luis Potosi, declared by him to be the capital of the republic.

Gen. Forey entered the city of Mexico on the 10th or 11th inst. (both dates are given in the accounts), with imperial state and the homage of all bats in the air from the convicts freed for his reception. There is no doubt that the most respectable people retired from the city with Juarez—all indeed, save those

cut its way out.

The rebels are still this side of the river to remain to protect their property, and these mostly foreigners.

On the 10th of June Gen. Forey issued his massed near Hagerstown, endeavoring to get their wagons and plunder across. Scouts to-day bring a report that the rebel column was crossing the river at Williamsfrom the long coveted Halls of the Mo port. If this is so, we need look for no fight mas, in substance (see issue Diazio de la Mari-na this date), inviting their patience, longin Maryland.

It is reported at Boonsboro that the rebel pickets are being thrown out nearly to that point, enclosing within their lines the Antie-"secundum artem imperium." They are, especially, not to become excited, to believe anything but for Foreyism; that it takes a good tam field and Shepherdstown crossing.

The main force, however, is considerably west of this and covers the three roads which while longer to build up than to tear down; they shall have a solid government, become a happy and presperous people, respected by most everybody. He is the proudest and hap-piest man of the grand nation on account of will to-day uncover fully the enemy's posi-The whole number of prisoners reported at the unexpected triumphal entrance into the city of Mexico; but says not one word about the voices of the "dear people," as to their wishes in the form or order of Government, headquarters up to this morning is 12,000.
Fuller information places our losses in killed and wounded in the three days' fight at 15,000.

tied down by business obligations or compelled

e complexion or personel of their Imperial Reports received at headquarters state that 23,000 rebel dead had been buried by our troops, and two-thirds of the battle-field had Detachments of the French army, with ruides and troops, from the robber bands of Buitron and others, have started on the trail of Juarez, and if he is at all true to himself, and there is any patriotic sentiment in the country not consumed by French francs, the divided forces will be cut to pieces. An efficer, Mr. Gallifet, on board of the French 18,000, without over-straining estimates. Their total loss in killed, wounded, and missing is steamer Vera Cruz, which left St. Jago de Cu-ba the 23d for Havre, bears the keys of the city of Mexico as trophies for the military complaisance of the Emperor. This gentle-man also gave the assurance that 600 Mexican officers had been ordered on board of two French vessels of war, and that 700 remain to be immediately embarked, for the same desti-nation. Great distress is said to exist among the families left in destitution by this wholeing rails, &c., according to Gen. Houpt's plan, two miles of the railroad at Warsaw; also destoying for five miles more all the culverts, as sale expatriation of citizens of the Republic. This is punishment for exercising those rights which freemen consider divine. These embarked on the 2d on board the Darien and Cores at Vera Cruz. Of the Puebla prisoners—13 generals, 24 colonels, 25 lieut. colonels, 50 majors (commandants), 132 captains, 159 lieutenants, and 189 sub-lieutenants—all for a French port. Gen. Buitron is reported to have defeated a column of 3,000 Mexican troop under the orders of Gens. Rangel and Ampu dia, at the "mountains of the cro 500 prisoners and a park of field ordnance.

I allude only to the most important and reliable items which have come to us. The The Richmond Dispatch of July 6th has been received. It has the following from

game is probably not yet played out. he railroad in East Tennessee.

Second Despatch—Atlanta, July 4.—It is considered certain that Morgan has played SERENADE TO THE WIFE OF GEN. MEADE .-About eleven o'clock on Saturday night the members of the Union League of Philadelphia, accompanied by a band, attended by a vast concourse of citizens, proceeded to the residence of the wife of General Meade, on Pine street, below Twenty-first, in that city, and tendered her the complimentary honor of a serenade. The neighboring citizens flocked Bragg's headquarters are at Bridgeport. The Tennesseee river will be the future line of n until the crowd became utterly impassable The band performed the Star-spangled Ban-ner, Hail Columbia, and other national airs, and just as Yankee Doodle died away Mayor Henry and Morton McMichael appeared upon phis Railroad will be abandoned.

The Richmond Dispatch, of July 6th, states that Jeff Davis has had recently a severe attack of illness, but that he will in a few days enjoy usual health.

The same paper says that mally presented her the congratulations and good wishes of the citizens of Philadelphia. The same paper says that Vice President Stevens has gone to Fortress Monroe with a flag of truce boat. The story is that his business is to see about the exchange of prisoners. They were greeted with loud and enthusiastic cheering. Mrs. Meade then very briefly accheering. Mrs. Meade then very briefly acknowledged the courtesy, and retired amid deafening applause and cheers for herself and her husband, the victor of Gettysburg. The people present then cheered almost every General in the Union army. The band finally the "Betty Hymn of the Republic" to Another is that it is to inform the Federal Government that if private property is not respected in the Confederate States and the mense gathering dispersed to their homes.

SETTING ALL THE GENERALS AT WORK .- A The rebels have retired from Helens. Major-General Oglesby has just arrived from Mem-phis, and says the terms of the capitulation of Vicksburg were, enlisted mem were to be pawell-known Senator has urged the Government to devise some means to give every General a command of some kind, no matter what it may be-even to assist in organizing that the crisis and their services are appreciat ed. If any General so far forgets his position as a soldier as to grumble at his command, it luty at 12,000, 6,000 of whom are in the hos-itals, but it is thought the number will exis urged that he be removed at once from the that all Brigadier-Generals now absent are ordered to active service within ten days. The effects would be excellent if all Major-Generals The draft commences here on Monday. The computed quota of the city is 12,500, and that of Brooklyn is 4,000. economy in having so large a number of high the authority of a despatch from sources believed to be trustworthy, that Gen. Dix has sent 25,000 men to reinforce Gen. Meade. try is in such extreme peril.

Years do not go from us, but we go from Wednesday.

A special from Washington to the Post says them, stepping from the old into the new, and always leaving behind us some baggage no longer serviceble on the march. Look back along the way we have trodden. There they stand, every one in his place, holding fast ail that was left in trust with him. Some keep something of ours which they will not give telegraph from Jackson, Miss, this morning, states that Gen. Magruder and Dick Taylor had crossed the Mississippi at Kernan, ten miles above New Orleans, and were marching on that city. General Taylor has captured 7,000 of the enemy near New Orleans, up for neither bribe nor prayer; the opinions cast away, the hopes that went with us no rther, the cares that have had successors, the llies outgrown, to be revived by memory. and called up for evidence some day

Assistant Adjutant-General.

Policeman Electron,—The City Council electred Charles Juno a day policeman at large last night.

Assistant Adjutant-General.

Assist

RIVER NEWS.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE. ARRIVALS YESTERDAY. faj. Anderson, Cin. Masonic Gem, Madison. t. Patrick, Cin. McCombs, Brandenburg.

DEPARTURES YESTERDAY. Maj. Anderson, Cin. Masonic Gem, Madison. The water in the canal was 4 feet 6% inches, and alling slowly yesterday evening.
The Alice Dean was burned by John Morgan yestery evening at Brandesburg, the full particulars of

> The Gen. Buell is the mailboat for Cincinnati at con to-day.
>
> The Liberty and H. A. Homeyer start for the Mis-The Lavinia Logan is up for the Cumberland river

## COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL, THURSDAY, July 9.

B cent buying and 35@37 selling, and silver at 22@23 nying and 29@31 selling. Demand notes 27@28 buying and 34@36 selling. Exchange is buying at 1/20% discount and selling at par and 1/8 premium. Bankers buy Kentucky notes at 1 % cent, and Indiana notes at 1 % cent premium. We quote the notes of the three old banks of Tennessee at 12@13 % cent discount. Gov-The following clerks are hereby appointed ernment certificates of indebtedness are bought at 98%. Southern currency is quoted at 50 % cent discount. Eastern exchange in demand at 1/4@1/6 7 cent discount buying, and par@% premium selling.

> at \$4 50@5 for superfine, and \$6@6 25 for extra family. Sa'es 1,500 bushels wheat at 95@\$1 80 for red and white. We quote corn at 67c for ear and shelled. Sales of rye at 65c. Oats are dull at 75c from wagons. Barley at \$1 00@1 05. Sales shipstuffs at \$20 3 ton, shorts at \$16, and bran at \$12. Provisions—Messpork \$12@12 50. Bulk meats dull and nominal at 3\\\@4\\\% for shoulders and sides. Bacon is selling in small lots to the trade at 4\\\% for shoulders and 51/2c for clear sides. Hams meet with a steady

TALLOW-Held at 10c, but this is above the views of CHEESE-Unchanged-9@9%c. Eggs-Light sales at 12@13c \$ dozen GROCERIES—Unchanged; sales sugar in hhds at 13@ 13%c; yellow in bbls at 13%@14c; crushed and refined sugar at 15%@16c, a few bbls molasses at 62@6

Cotton twine 70c. SHEETINGS-Unchanged at 35c. Shots-\$3@3 25. Mackerel in Kits-No. 1 \$2 25, No. 2 \$2. WHISKEY-Sales at 41c 7 gallon. LINSEED OIL-Sales at \$1 20 % gallon. DRIED FRUIT-Apples, \$1 40@1 50. Peaches, \$3 25. Hay-Unchanged. Light sales at \$18@19 3 ton. BUTTER-Selling from 12@15c.

TOBACCO.—No sales to-day.
TOBACCO—Sales to-day of 45 hhds, as follows: 5 at \$3 @8 75, 2 at \$9@@9 75, 6 at \$10@10 75, 2 at \$11@11 75, 4 at \$12@12 75, 3 at \$13@13 75, 5 at \$14@14 75, 4 at \$15@ \$15 75, 4 at \$16@16 75, 3 at \$17@17 75, 2 at \$18@18 75, 1 at \$19, 2 at \$20@2075, and 1 at \$22.

ining. Wheat more active, but prices generally without lecided change; \$1 12@1 25 for Chicago spring, \$1 18 31 21 for Milwaukee club, and \$1 3%@1 40 for winter ced Western. Corn more active, and a shade firmer, at 66%@47c for shipping mixed Western; no sales beow 67.066%c. Oats quiet at 72@77c.
Whiskey unchanged, 45%@46c.

ar certificates 99.

stocks—2d. Board strong; Pacific Mail 185, New rix Central 1836, Cleveland de Pittsburg 54%, Illinois Central serip 106%, Galena dictionary 52%, Cleveland and Toledo 108, Chicago Rock Island 94%, Mi waukee and Prairie du Chicago Rock Island 94%, Mi waukee and Prairie du Chicago tratated from 175 to 132 (seller 10 days); last cash 170; last sale 152.

For Cairo and St. Louis.

Leaves Portland this day, the 10 h inst., at 4 P. M.

The light-draught, swift-running passesses the seamer HENRY A. HOMEYER,

J. D. BRUNER, master, will leave as above,
For freight or passage apply on board or to
j10 CROPPER, PATTEN, & CO., Fourth st. For Owensboro, Evansville, and Hendersone

MERCURY MELLON, master,
Will leave as above on this day, the 10th
inst., at 5 P. M. For freight only apply
on board or to
jlo MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

LIBERTY NO 2 Will leave on this day, the 10th inst, at 6 P. M. positively. For freight or passage apply on board or to j10 T. M. ERWIN, Agent.

For Nashville. Canton, and Clarksville. Leaves this day, the 10th inst., at 4 P. M.
The new and light-draught steamer
ATLANTIC NO. 2, master,
will leave as above. For freight or passage apply on board or to
110

T. M. ERWIN, Agent.

T. M. ERWIN, Agent. For Paducah, Cairo, and St. Louis. Leaves this day, the 10th inst., at 5 P.
M., from Portland wharf, the steamer
HENRY A. HOMEYER, Capt. BRUNEE. reight or passage apply on board or to.

N. S. LONG. Agent, 129 Wall street.

The regular Green River Packet B. K.
DUNKERSON, CAPT. A. DRINKWATER,
LEAVES Evansville every Wednesday and
Saturday for Green River.

The fine, splendid passenger steamer MASONIC GEM, Capt. John HAMILTON, will leave Louisville every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 12 o'clock M., positively, from the foot of Fourth street.

For freight or passage spply on board or to CROPPER, PATTON, & CO., ju2 dtf Nos. 143 and 146 Fourth st.

IS THE LARGEST AND BEST ABRANGED HO.

TEL in the New England States—is centrally located and easy of access from all the routes of travel.

It contains all the modern improvements and every cenvenience for the comfort and accommodation of the travelling public. The sleeping-rooms are large and well ventilated, the suites of rooms are well arranged and completely furnished for families and large tayelling parties, and the house will continue to be kept as a first-class hotel in every respect.

feb5 disly

LEWIS RICE. Proprietor. IOWA LAND.

DAILY REVIEW OF THE MARKET. In consequence of the favorable news from General Meade's army, monetary matters have taken a decided downward tendency. We quote gold this day at 28@

Canada money 35@37. FLOUR AND GRAIN-Flour nominal, with light sales

r; 2d Precinct, E. Warriner; 3d Precinct, sec. W. Levi.

Ninth Ward—1st Precinct, W.W. Twyman;

fancy brands, if canvassed. There is no inquiry for lard and no disposition on the part of holders to sell at the nominal rates, which are from 7c to 8½c, accord-

Rio coffee at 32@38c. Tea, G. P., \$1@1 50; black \$1

WOOL-Washed wool 62@65c, in crease 40@45c. POTATOES-Sales at \$1 50@2 00 \$2 bbl.

New York, July 9.
Cotton irregular and unsettled, at 55@56c for midlling upland.
Flour 5c lower and more doing; \$5 30@56 of or extra
State, \$5 75@5 5c for extra round-hoop Ohio, and \$5 93
37 35 for trade brands; market closed heavy and dellining.

Whiskey unchanged, 45%@46c.
Wood quiet and unchanged.
Pork firmer at \$11.73@11 87½ for old mess, \$13.75@4 for new, closing at the latter price, \$10.51@11 25 for old and new prime, and \$13.50@16 for new prime mess, ncluding 1.000 bbis new mess for August and S. ptember at seller's option, and 1,400 and 2,070 bbis for same at buyer's option. Beef steady. Lard dull, heavy, and lower at 9½6. Beef dull and 13%, and closus titled, opening at 150, advanced. United the property of the property of

STEAMBOATS.

Leaves city wharf this d.y. the lock inst. at 4 P.M.

The fine new passenger steamer ECHO

NO. 2, Gorman, master. For freight or

passage apply on board or to

10

B. J. OAFFREY, Agent. 

For Nashville.

GORDON, master,

GORDON, master,

Will, leave on this day, the 1tth inst.,

at 12 M. For freight for passage apply

on board or to

WOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

LIBERTY NO. 2 Will leave on this day, the 10th inst.,

Will leave on this day, the 10th inst.,

at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply

on board or to

MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

For Nasaville and Clarksville,
Leaves this day, 10th inst., at 12 M.,
the steamer LAVINIA LOGAN, Captain
BOLUS, For freight or passage apply on
100rd or N.S. LONG, Agent, 129 Wall street.

DEGLAR PACKET—U.S. MAIL MOSNING LINE
Connecting at Cincinnati with Early Eastern Trains
ROR CINCINNATI.
The magnificent passenger steamers
MAJ. AN DERSON, HIDNERS, master.
One of the above steamers will leave for the above
port daily at 12 o'clock M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
Town Training THE AMERICAN HOUSE BOSTON

I WISH TO EXCHANGE PART OR ALL OF ONE THOUSAND ACRES of first rate Prairie Farm Land in Carroll county, Iowa, at a low rate for im-proved property or Lots in Louisville, Title perfect, and full description given on application. This perfect, j23 dislm\* C. E. ROBINS, No. 517 Main st., Post-office Drawer No. 1.

COTTON YARNS-Unchanged. Sales of No. 500 at 42c.

For Paducah, Cairo, and Memphis.
Leaves this day, the 19th instant, at 5 o'clock P. M., from Portland, the splendid steamer LiBEBTY NO. 2, Captain Wes. Conner. For freight or passage apply on-board or N. S. LONG, Agent, 129 Wall street.

hipment.
shipments should be reported to us before three
ck P. M., daily, and they will be forwarded the
day B. J. CAFFREY, Agent,
dlm 137 Wall street, Louisville, Ky. For Madison, Carrollton, & Kentucky River.

TREATY WITH THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA. Treaty between the United States of America and the Republic of Liberia. Commerce and Navigation. Concluded at London, Oc-tober 21, 1862. Ratifications exchanged, February 10, 1863. Proclaimed by the Pres-ident of the United States, March 18, 1863. BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF

A PROCLAMATION. WHEREAS a treaty between the United States of America and the Republic of Liberia was concluded and signed by their respective plenipotentiaries, at London, on the twenty-first day of October last, which treaty is, word for word as follows: word for word, as follows:

The United States of America and the Republic of Liberia, desiring to fix, in a permanent and equitable manner, the rules to be observed in the intercourse and commerce they desire to establish between their respective countries, have agreed, for this purpose, to conclude a treaty of commerce and navigation, and have judged that the said end cannot be better obtained than by taking the most perfect equality and reciprocity for the basis of their agreement; and to effect this they have named as their respective plenipotentiaries, that is to say: the President of the United States of America, Charles Francis word for word, as follows:

United States of America, Charles Francis Adams, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States of Amer-ica at the court of St. James; and the Repub-lic of Liberia, His Excellency Stephen Allen Benson, President thereof, who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following articles:

Art. I. There shall be perpetual peace and friendship between the United States of America and the Republic of Liberia, and also be-

tween the citizens of both countries.

Art. II. There shall be a reciprocal freedom of commerce between the United States of America and the Republic of Liberia. The citizens of the United States of America may reside in, and trade to, any part of the territories of the Republic of Liberia to which any other foreigners are or shall be admitted. They shall enjoy full protection for their persons and properties; they shall be allowed to buy from and to sell to whom they like, without being restrained or prejudiced by any monopoly, contract, or exclusive privilege of sale or purchase whatever; and they shall moreover enjoy all other rights and privileges which are or may be granted to any other foreigners, subjects, or citizens of the most favored na-tion. The citizens of the Republic of Liberia shall, in return, enjoy similar protection and privileges in the United States of America and

Art. III. No tonnage, import, or other duties or charges shall be levied in the Republic of Liberia on United States vessels, or on goods imported or exported in United States vessels, beyond what are or may be levied on national vessels, or on the like goods imported or exported in national vessels; and in like manner no tonnage, import, or other duties or charges shall be levied in the United States of America and their territories on the vessels of the Republic of Liberia, or on goods imported or exported in those vessels, beyond what are or may be levied on national vessels, or on the like goods imported or exported in national

Art. IV. Merchandise or goods coming from the United States of America in any vessels, or imported in United States vessels from any country, shall not be prohibited by the Repub-lic of Liberia, nor be subject to higher duties than are levied on the same kinds of merthan are levied on the same kinds of mer-chandise or goods coming from any other for-eign country or imported in any other foreign vessels. All articles the produce of the Re-public of Liberia may be exported therefrom by citizens of the United States and United States vessels, on as favorable terms as by the citizens and vessels of any other foreign

In like manner, all merchandise or goods coming from the Republic of Liberia in any vessels, or imported in Liberian vessels from any country, shall not be prohibited by the United States of America, nor be subject to higher duties than are levied on the same kinds of merchandise or goods coming from any other foreign country or imported in any other foreign vessel. All articles the produce of the United States, or of their territories, may be imported therefrom by Liberian citizens and Liberian vessels on as favorable

ther foreign country.

Art. V. When any vessel of either of the into the pockets of wool-growers. within the territories of the other, the respective citizens shall receive the greatest possible aid, as well for themselves as for their vessels and effects. All possible aid shall be given to protect their property from being plundered and their persons from ill treatment. Should a dispute arise as to the salvage, it shall be ettled by arbitration, to be chosen by the par-

ies respectively.

Art. VI. It being the intention of the two contracting parties to bind themselves by the present treaty to treat each other on the footof the most favored nation, it is hereby agreed between them that any favor, privilege, r immunity whatever in matters of comme and navigation, which either contracting party has actually granted, or may hereafter ant, to the subjects or citizens of any other cate, shall be extended to the citizens of the have been gratuitous, or in return for a com-pensation as nearly as possible of proportion-ate value and effect, to be adjusted by mutual

agreement if the concession shall have been Art. VII. Each contracting party may apoint consuls for the protection of trade, to reside in the dominions of the other; but no such consul shall enter upon the exercise of his functions until he shall have been approved and admitted, in the usual form, by the government of the country to which he is sent.

Art. VIII. The United States Government engages never to interfere, unless solicited by the Government of Liberia, in the affairs be-tween the aboriginal inhabitants and the Gov-ernment of the Republic of Liberia, in the ju-

sdiction and territories of the Republic. hould any United States citizens suffer loss, in person or property, from violence by the aboriginal inhabitants, and the Government of the Republic of Liberia should not be able to bring the aggressor to justice, the United States Government engages, a requisition hav-ing been first made therefor by the Liberian Government, to lend such aid as may be required. Citizens of the United States residing in the territories of the Republic of Liberia re desired to abstain from all such intercours with the aboriginal inhabitants as will tend to the violation of law and a disturbance of

the peace of the country.

Art IX. The present treaty shall be ratified, and the ratifications exchanged at London, within the space of nine months from the date In testimeny whereof, the plenipotentiaries before mentioned have hereto subscribed their names and affixed their seals.

Done at London, the twenty-first day of Oc-ober, in the year one thousand eight hundred CHAS. F. ADAMS. STEPHEN A. BENSON. And whereas the said treaty has been duly

And whereas the said treaty has been duly ratified on both parts, and the respective ratifications of the same were exchanged at London, on the tenth ultimo, by Charles Francis Adams, Esquire, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States at the Court of St. James, and Gerard Ralston, Esquire, Consul-General and Commissions. ioner for and on behalf of the Republic of liberia, on the part of their respective gov-

Now, therefore, be it known that I, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States of America, have caused the said treaty to be made public, to the end that the same, and every clause and article thereof, may be observed and fulfilled, with good faith, by the United States and the citizens thereof.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my and, and caused the seal of the United States

to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington L. L. this eighteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and of the Independence of the United States the eighty-seventh.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President:

WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

[From the United States Economist.] SHEEP HUSBANDRY.

It is becoming more and more apparent to thrifty farmers and capitalists throughout the North that this important branch of agricultare will hereafter become exceedingly profitable to all who engage in it. In Dutchess (our native county) where wool growing was carried on with great profit from 1825 to 1840 and then abandoned for dairies and cattle raising, we learn that the farmers are stocking their farms with sheep and returning rapidly to sheep husbandry. In addition to the demand for wool, there is a steady increase of demand for mutton, which renders the business doubly safe and profitable.

less doubly safe and profitable.

The taste for mutton is a cultivated one, and is rapidly growing in our country. We well remember when a boy that we would as soon have thought of eating a piece of roast dog as roast mutton. There was a disagreeable fla-vor which was exceedingly distasteful to us; but now we think we have reached the extreme of good living when we can afford a dinner of "roast lamb, mint sauce, asparagus, and green peas." We presume our experience is that of a large portion of the community, supply the demand for prime mutton, giving this as a reason why they charged us 20 cents a pound. Mutton is by far cheaper than beef at the same price. The choice cuts of beef constitute a very small proportion of the carcass, and the proportion of coarse meat and the proportio

bone in a cut of beef is far greater than in

is king' simply give utterance to a self-evident absurdity. It is less than a century since the first yard of cotton goods was produced in England. That cotton is the cheapest fibr that nature ever produced, capable of being woven into fabrics, cannot be doubted; bu do so again is equally true. It has always been considered inferior to wool and linen, and nothing but its cheapness has brought it into universal use. To say that any article of merchandise is "cotton warp" is to stamp it with the brand of inferiority.

Wa find nothing in the world's history to hat the world has existed without it and car

ivilization and refinement. In the parable of he rich man we read that he was "clothed in urple and fine linen." This implies a high degree of skill and taste in the production of fabrics at this early period. In all the territory north of "Mason and Dixon's line" woollen goods for men and boys' wear, and worsted goods for women's are necessary for comfort full nine months out of the twelve, and are vastly more healthy. Light weight woollens for summer wear are now in general use in the whole North, and fancy flaunch for shirts is rapidly superseding cotton. These shirts are more comfortable the greater portion of the year, require washing less frequently, and are on the whole more economical. For women's wear, delaines, alpacas, merinos, coburgs, etc., are far better adapted to Northern climates than cotton, and will hereafter be produced at home

produced at home.

The war found the manufacturing interests throughout the world based upon a steady supply of cotton, and the cutting short of the supply produced a temporary derangement, but the business will readily adapt itself to the new order of things, and the war will prove in the end to be of immense advantage to the North by producing a greatly increased demand for wool and flax. We find that commission houses that have heretofore received consignments of woollen goods from Europe, are already cultivating the acquaintance, and soliciting consignments from American manufacturers, finding that their friends abroad can

farmers, whenever they see reliable accounts of any considerable quantity of cotton having

of the farmers have not capital to purchase sheep in such numbers as they could make profitable. The prices of produce in the West for several years preceding the commencement of the war were so low as to leave the ment of the war were so low as to leave the grower scarcely sufficient to pay the cost of production. In addition to this, in many parts of the West the people have been immensely swindled by the failure of wild-cat banks, scattered throughout the different States. Illinois alone must have suffered to the extent of from five to ten millions of dolor. the extent of from five to ten millions of dol-

done, and, as we have said, they are not able to purchase as many sheep as they could proba-bly take care of. This difficulty can easily be remedied by capitalists furnishing the means to purchase the sheep and put them upon Shares with the farmer. There never was so much idle capital in the country as at present, and it could not be more profitably or ent, and it could not be more profitably or usefully employed than in the direction we have named. Let capitalists both West and East give this subject consideration. Sheep husbandry is as sure to be profitable in the North hereafter as that the sun is sure to rise and set; and the less cotton that is produced, terms as by the citizens and vessels of any the more that is burned, and the longer the

contracting parties shall be wrecked, foundered, or otherwise damaged on the coasts, or the Eastern markets for the last thirty-six years was in 1849, when fine wool was sold at , medium at 30c., and coarse at 23c. At that time sheep were sold in Ohio at one dollar and a half a head. The growers that year received in Ohio for medium wool 25c a pound. Now supposing the theory to be correct that the increase of the flock will pay the keeping, it will be observed that the profit at this lowest price in thirty-six years was fifty per cent. on the value of the sheep. We learn that shorn sheep can be bought at present in Ohio at \$2 50 per head. It will therefore be seen that the clip next year at 40c per pound

would still pay 50 per cent. on the investment, at present prices of sheep. Into what channel can capitalists put their money that will be more likely to pay a large profit than in sheep husbandry?

NOTICE TO PROPERTY OWNERS.

The owners of lots and parts of lots designa-The owners of lots and parts of lots designa-ted below are hereby notified that ordinan-ces have been passed by the General Council, approved and published, requiring the improve-ment of the sidewalks in front of their respective lots, and if they fail to have the same properly done within thirty days from the dat hereof, the work will be done under a contract for in the third section of the seventh article of

Said work, when executed, to be received by the City Engineer, and if not done in every respect in accordance with the Ordinance regulating sidewalk paving, to be repaved at the expense of the property owners—iron gutters to be placed under the pavement, to carry the

ater from houses and lots. To recurb and repave the sidewalk on both sides of Third street, from Main to Water:

Bank of Kentucky. W. B. Belknap..... ames C. Ford ... hn P. Temple. Kirkland, Chas. & Co. Herbert & Wright...

WM. KAYE, Mayor. Mayor's Office, June 26th, 1863. Democrat copy. Proclamation.

All persons owning or having dogs in their possession are hereby notified to confine them within their premises for the period of sixty days from this date. Persons refusing or falling to comply with this requisition subject themselves to a fine of twenty dollars and costs.

WM. KAYE, Mayor. MAYOR'S OFFICE, June 27th, 1863. d2m

Notice to Contractors and Street-Pavers.

Separate bids will be required (with good security to each) for each piece of work. Specifications at the City Engineer's office.

i3 dtd WM. KAYE, Mayor.

F. H. GIBSON. Broadway Drug Store, CORNER FOURTH AND BROADWAY, LOUISVILLE, KY.

PURE AND FRESH MEDICINES, CHEMICALS' and Drugs, choice toilet and fancy articles, fine Liquors and Wines for medical purposes, extra fine Cigars, chewing and smoking Tobacco, superior Extracts for hankerchiefs, Colognes, Soaps, Stationery, 12919

MILITARY CAPS, new style

FINE FELT HATS, all colors; DRESS HATS, best quality;

NEW STYLE CASSIMERE HAT;

BRAID, PANAMA, & LEGHORN HATS;

CHILDREN'S HATS;

HATS AND CAPS of every grade at

Port-Folio Slate:

VARIOUS SIZES; ALSO RUBBER SLATES with the lowest composed wood frames; mahogany and rosewood Writing-Desks; Backgammon Boards and Chessman.

L. A. CIVILL, 431 Main st.

Copper, and the lowest composed with the lowest composed to mls

I AM AUTHORIZED TO RAISE A
Battery of Light Artillery for the defence of the State, under the late Act
force of 20,000 men, for the better protection of our noble Commonwealth. Now is the time to volunteer for
a short period in the lightest and most beautiful branch
of the service. Yeur State call upon you for the term
of twelve months only to defend her from the raids of
banditti, and other lawless bands of men, who are
prowling through the State plundering and murdering
her citizens.

and their homes.

Pay from \$13 to \$20 per month. No picket or vedette duty. Transportation, subsistence, and clothing furnished from date of enlistment. One month's pay in advance. Recruiting rendezvous on south side of Main, below First street, Louisville, Ky.

j22 dlm\*

JOHN J. HAWES, Captain.

THE OPPORTUNITY IS OFFERED.

hs' pay in advance.
camp of instruction at Lebanon is filling up rapidly.

Those recruiting for this Battery and raising thirty
men will be entitled to a Lieutenancy.

My headquarters are at Lebanon, and my recruiting
office is, on Market street, between Second and Third,

HEAVY ARTILLERY.

mmander.
This being the only regiment to be raised, for this intricular purpose, in Kentucky, young men of sober, eady habits should, to avoid the DRAFT, volunteer r 12 months in this solentific, light, and pleasant rvice, in defence of the homes and firesides and of e ewives and children of the good men of this noble mmenwesith. Kentucky soil must be defended, id, above all, the Union and the Constitution must by preserved. he preserved.

Pay, clothing, subsistence, and transportation same is regular army, and recruits will be sent immediately o camp at Covington, Ky., for instruction.

For further in ormation apply personally or by letter of the undersigned, at the National Hotel, Louisville, Xy., who is authorized by the Governor to raise a company for said regiment.

T. B. CAMPBELL.

Lieut. Henry G. Walter's Recruiting Office for the 4th Ky. Cavalry, Search side Jefferson street, near the corner of Fifth, at the Office of Messrs. Barclay & Evans, Pension Agents.

I DESIRE TO BEORUIT FOR THE above regiment, which has been in service nearly two years, a few good, well-built, healthy, and sober men. The regiment is favorably known, and has participated with great credit in a number of engagements, and lately at Franklin, and is well-office ed.

The men will be uniformed as soon as passed by the Surgeon.

NOTICE. The Commission will hold daily sessions (Sunday excepted) from 9 e'clock A. M. until 1 P. M., and from 5 to 5 P. M.

D. C. FITOH, jus etf.

Maj. 25th Mich. Infty.

\$200 REWARD WILL GIVE THE ABOVE BRWARD FOR THE apprehension and delivery to sic of CHARLES RODGERS and JOHN W. BUCKMAN, who broke iall early this morning, or \$100 reward for either. jail early this morning, or \$100 reward for either.
They were tried the present term of Court and cen
victed of repharty. (Parles Redgers for sayan years)

CHARLES RODGERS.

Is about 5 feet 10 inches high, 22 years of age, dark cemplexion, dark brown hair, hazel eyes, and weighs near 150 pounds, telerably slim built, has recently had the smallpox, is but alightly pitted, but shews plainly, especially about the nose; keen, shrewd, and rather good looking; features rather thin, incessent chewer of tobacco, has beard, if well grown out, wand be black. Had on when he left a light-mixed cassimere coat, light pants, grey flannel shirt, black low crown hat, wears his hair short, has a habit of putting his hand to his forehead and throwing his head down.

JOHN W BUCKMAN

CITY HOTEL,

East side Public Square Nashville, Tenn.

WOODRUFF & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

o. 224 north side Main, bet Second and Third sts., 13 dly LOUISVILLE, KY. ASTROLOGY.

C. J. RAIBLE

MILITARY GOODS

NATIONAL HOTEL, C. M. METCALF - - - Proprietor. (Late of Spencer House, Cincinnati),

Corner Fourth and Main, Louisville, Ky. TAVING LEASED THE ABOVE LARGE AND TEAM OF COMPORTABLE HOTEL FOR A LEEM OF YEARS, it is now being thoroughly repaired. The outside is to be painted in the best manner. The interior is teins painted and papered throughout. New carpets, linens, and furniture have been added to this already well-furnished house. Entirely new hair mattreases will be placed in every room. The location is the most central or any Hotel in the city, being convenient to the railroad, telegraph and express offices, banks, post-office, and places of amusement, and within one square of the principal steambest landing. This Motel offers every nducement to persons either travelling for business or pleasure. cavelling for business or pleasure.
C. M. METCALF, Preprietor,

NOTICE.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE BEST and most approved cooking and heating stoves. The sading wood stoves are the True Kentuckian, Charm-r, Pellican, and Palmetto; the coal stoves—Alligator, hieffain, and Starlight.

Lalso keep an assortment of Brass Kettles, Enamulating trong, Coffee and Control of the Control of untry merchants and dealers are respec

MEDICAL.

MANHOOD: How Lost! How Restored! Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price Siz Cente A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhee or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilopsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.—BroBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the Green Book, &s. "A Been to Thousands of Sufferers,"

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, or receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by Dr. OH. J. O. K. LINB. 127 Rewery, New York, Postoffice Box 4586. as ddwam DR. HALL'S

Louisville MEDICAL INFIRMARY, Conducted on the plan of the Mespital des Venerione, Paris,

des veneriene, Paris,

Where those afficted with any form of PHIVATE DISEASE can receive from the reatment without risk or exposure, viz. Sighilis, Gonorrhee, Cancers, Secondary and Constitutional Sighilis, Diseases of the Kidneys, etc. By bis system it is never at the secondary and Constitutional Sighilis, Diseases of the Kidneys, etc. By bis system it is as eatirely under the control of madeline as is a common cold or mimple fever; and while inefficient persons are daily sending away their petients in hopelessness, and giving them up emit from their even incompetency, complete and permanent ourse are creatently being effected at the infimery.

YOUNG MEN, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.—Dr. H. develes much of his time to the treatment of those cases caused by a secret hastit which ruins both bedy and mind, unfitting the mortunate individual for either susiness or society. The sad effects of these early habits, or the excess of riper years, are to weaken and deblitate the constitution, destroy the physical and mental pewers, diminish and enfects of these early habits, or the excess of riper years, are to weaken and deblitate the constitution, destroy the physical and mental pewers, diminish and enfects of mannood; the pleasures of life are marred, the object of marriage frustrated, and existence itself rendered a term of uncoasing minery and regret. Such persons, especially those contemplating marriage, should lose not time in making immediate application, as Dr. H., by his new treatment, is enabled to insure a speedy and permanent cure.

Patient in the married of the contemplating marriage, should lose not time in making immediate application, as Dr. H., by his new treatment, is enabled to insure a speedy and permanent cure.

Patient in the married of the contemplating marriage, should lose not time in making immediate application, as Dr. H., by his new treatment, is enabled to insure a speedy and permanent cure. stemp.

Medicines sent to any address.

L. Hall, M. D.

L. Hall, M. D.

YOUNG MEN WHO HAVE Ininred themselves by certain secret
habits, which unfit them for business, pleasure, or the duties of married life; also, middle-aged men and old men, who from the follies of
youth or other causes, feel a debility in advance of
their years, before placing themselves under the treatment of any one absolute. ins, before placing themselves under the treatany one, should first read "The Scoret
Married ladies wishing to avoid an increase
y will learn something of importance by peThe Secret Friend,"
only address in a sealed envelope, on receipt Sont to any address in a sealed envelope,
Sont to any address in a sealed envelope,
Sont to any address of ten cents. Address
OB. OHAS. A. STUART & CO.,
Ciacianati, Onio.

DR. LA CROIX'S Private Medical Treaties on the Physica logical View of Marriage. 250 Pages and 130 Fine Plain and Colored Lithographs. BE PRICEPONLY TWENTY-FIVE ONNTS. THE



mance and thrilling interest.

Koung men who are troubled with weakness, generally caused by a bad habit in youth, the effects of which are dizzinces, pains, forgethiness, sometimes a riaging in the ears, weak eyes, weakness of the back and lower extremities, confusion of ideas, loss of memory, with melancholy, may be cured by the author's NEW PARIS AND LONDON TREATMENT.

We have recently deceded weak of our time in ME ery, with meiancholy, may be cured by the author's NEW PARIS AND LONDON TREATMENT.

We have recently devoted much of our time in VISITING THE EUKOPEAN HOSPITALS, availling ourselves of the knowledge and researches of the most skilled Physicians and surgeons in Europe and on the consistent—such men as CIVIALE, LENOIRE, EIOABD, BEROHETEAU, ACTON, and CURLINGS, of the French and English hospitals. Our tour oxtended through France, Italy, Geymany, Holland, England, Ireiand, Sociland, and Wales, visiting in four route the principal hospitals in Paris, London, Henre, Venfoe, Vienna, Dresden, Berlin, &c. We have been smply repeid by the additional knowledge we have acquired in the treatment of various diseases to which we have directed our attention. Those who place themselves under our care will, whesher male or remale, now have the full benefit of the many NEW AND EFFICIENT BEMEDIES which we are onsided to introduce into our practice, and the public may rest asswared of the same zeel, assiduity, SECREGY, and attention being paid to their cases which has so successfully digiting ished us heretofore as a Physicia in our PEUULIAE department of professional practice.

Medicines, with full directions, sent to any part of

Medicines, with full directions, sent to any part of the United States or Canadas, by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. Business correspendence strictly confidential.

MST Dr. L.'s Office is still located as established, under the name of DR. LA CECIX.

DR. LA CECIX.

STEP To insure safety to all letters, simply address "FIE LA CHOIX MEDICAL INSTITUTES, BIGWARD NO. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y.

WAR CLAIMS ADJUSTED AND COLLECTED No. 63 Washington avenue, ST. LOUIS, MO., One door east of Webb & Kaime's office, and two doors east of the Quartermaster's Department, St. Louis.

JOHN P. CAMP Will give his attention to the adjustment and co tion of Vouchers and other claims against the United States Government in all its Departments. Accounts and bills against the Government made out in proper form and Vouchers therefor obtained and Merchants having Vouchers for small amount can save themselves time and trouble by placing them in his charge for cohection.

Vouchers and Quartermasters' Checks on Washington bought at low rates,

Hon. D. Davis, Biosmington, Ill.; Hon. Jos. Hol Washington, D. O.; Hon. H. Campbell, St. Louis, Mo.; Samuel T. Glover, St. Louis, Mo.; J. B. Shepley, Esq.,

War Claims for the Department of the West.

MILITARY

Sadale, Harness, and Trunk EMPORIUM.

HAVE ON HAND AND MAKE STRICTLY TO order all kinds of Military Equipments and Genlemen's, Ladies', Boys', and Race Saddles; Ocach, Boggy, Omnibus, and Wagon Harness of all kinds Bridles, Whips, Spurs, Horse Covers, Saddle Blankeis, Trunks, Valises, together with all kinds of goods assally found in a first class house.

My work is gotten up under my own supervision, and I flatter myself that it will compare favorably with any gotten up East or West for durability and style. tyle. By strict attention to business I hope to merit and stain not only the old patronage of this old and fa-orably known house, but to add many new customers. J. M. MYERS,

Successor to C. PROAL, 217 Third st., between Main and Market. HAVE THIS DAY SOLD MY SADDLER Establishment, 217 Third street, to Mr. J. M. M. Letablishment, 217 Third strengs, and hereby take pleasure in to my former patrons. (Signed)
Louisville, March 26, 1263.

LARGESTOCK Military Clothing GREAT CLOTHING HOUSE SPROULE & MANDEVILLE. Cerner Main and Fourth sts., under National Hote

The Library of the Kentucky Mechanics' Institute WILL BE BE-OPENED ON MONDAY, THE 26D inst., for the use of subscribers. Henra from 9 to 19 A. M., from 2 to 5 P. M., and from 7 to 9 in the evening. m21 dtf JOHN B. DAYLES, Socy. A TA MEETING OF THE INSTITUTE, HELD en Thursday evening, 19th inst., the following gentlemen were appointed a Committee to wait upon the citizens and solicit subscriptions to the Institute; Wm. Kaye, George Ainslie, Jehn D. O'Leary, B. Du Pont, George W. Morris, Capt. J. H. Schroeder, and Robert Skeene. #35 All persons having Books belonging to the Li-brary will please return the same without delay. STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN, FROM

GREATER ASTERN,
WALTER PATTON, Commander,
Will be despatched An inter beginning to the control of the control of

RAILROADS.

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD. THREE DAILY TRAINS

T HAVE JEFFERSONVILLE, OPPOSITE LOU LISVILLE, as follows: 7:30 A. M., Making direct connections as follows:

For St. Louis, Cairo, and all points West. For Chicage and all points in the North & Northwest, #87 Passengers by this train arrive at Chicago 27:30 P. M., being sector/shows in advance of any other route,

2:45 P. M., Making direct connections as follows: For Cincinnati. AT SEYMOUE:

For Cheinnati.
AT INDIANAPOLIS:
For Cleveland, Pittaburg, Philadelphie, New York,
Boston, Baltimere, Washington City, and all
points Hast and Northeast.
For Chicago, Detreit, and all points in the North and
Northwest.
For Et. Louis, Caire, and all points West. 10 P. M., Making direct connections as follows: AT SNYMOUR FOR CINCINNATA.

AT INDIANA POLIS: For all Eastern and Northeastern Cities. For Telede, Detreit, &c. SET This route is 66 MILES SHORTER and pessengers save 13 HOURS in time over any and all other routes to Chicago and the Northwest. This is the shortest and quickest reute to all Eastern Cities. Passengers should examine their tickers dare-relly to see that they read "JEFFERSONVILLE EAILEOAD." ### Any information can be obtained or Tickets purchased at the effice of the Company SOUTHEAST corner of Main and Third streets, Louisville, Ky., or at the B. B. Depot, Jeffersenville. Fare always as low as by any other Route.

Those who do are invited to call at the

Wholesale

GROCERY

North side, between Fifth and Sixth

508 Main street,

Where they will find a stock so large

and of such great variety that it is impossible to enumerate articles or state quantities.

We are the Sole Agents in this city for

GROCERIES.

R. M. BISHOP & CO., WHOLESALE

Grocers, 36 Main street.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Have constantly on hand one of the most Extensive Stocks of

GROCERIES To be found in the olty. Purchasers are invited to call and examine the Stock of this old and long-established firm.

COAL OIL AND LAMPS.

Refined Coal Oil and Carbon Oil, Lubricating Oil and Benzole, Lamps and Chandeliers of all styles, For every use and place, with all the Fixtures and Appurtenances of the

and consumers. U.B.EVARTS No. 219 Fourth at . between Main and Market. LOUISVILLE, KY.

Oil and Lamp trade for dealers

PRESENTATION SWORDS, Field, New Regulation Staff, Surgeon, and Line Swords; Cavalry Sabres, Sashes, Field-Glasses, Belts, Shoulder-Straps in large variety, on hand. Orders from camps prompt WATCHES AND JEWELRY SOLD AND REPAIRED. J. J. HIRSCHBUHL, No. 233 Main street, one door above Third street.

Whiskey.

200 BARRELS OLD BOURBON WHISKEY IN Stere and for sale by MOORHEAD & CO... 116 Wall street, 126 Mail street, 126 Mail street, 127 Mail 127 Mail 128 Mail 128

RAILROADS.

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY, AND CEICAGO RAILROAD. FOR ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, DETROIT. 1363. Summer Arrangement 1863.

Only One Change of Cars to St. Louis, Cincinnati, or Chicago.

\*\*Baggage checked through. This Road runs the only evening train from Louis-ville connecting with Ohie and Mississippi Road West,

B. S. PARKER, Agent. LOUISVILLE & FRANKFORT AND LEXINGTON & FRANKFORT

RAILROADS. ON AND AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 63, 1862, Traim will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

EXPRESS TRAIN will leave Louisville at 5:50 A.M., stepping at all stations when the ged except Fair Grounds, Bace Course, Brownsbore, and Belleview connecting at Eminence with stages for Newcastle, at Frankfort for Lawrenceburg, Harrodburg, and Dan ville, at Midway for Versailles, at Payne's for George town, and at Lexington via rail and stage for Nicholas ville, Danville, Orab Orchard, Semenset, Biehmond Mt. Sterling, and all Interior towns. ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Frankfort at 5:10 A. M., and arrive at Louisville at 9:00 A. M., and will leave Louisville at 4:20 P. M., arriving at Frank fort at 8:15 P. M. EXPESS TRAIN leaves Lexington at 2:00 P. M., and arrives at Louisville at 7:10 P. M.
FREIGHT TRAINS leave Louisville on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, at 5:30 A. M.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad. 

Freight in limited quantities for Bowling Green and Way Stations will be received.

B. MARSHEL,
Rup't of Transportation.

PENNSYLVANIA ocentral Railroad. 325 Miles Double Track. 

THREE DAILY TRAINS FROM PITTSBURG TO PHILADELPHIA,

THROUGH PHILADELPHIA, CLOSE CONNECTIONS AT HARRISBURG Baltimore and Washington.

VIA ALLENTOWN, WITHOUT CHANGE of CARS, SEVEN DAILY TRAINS FROM

Boat Nobels good on any of the Sound Lines. SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS TO Philadelphia, New York, & Baltimore.

FREIGHTS: By this route traights of all descriptions can be forwarded to and from Philadelphia, New York, Beston, or Ealtimore, to and from any point on the Ealtroads of Ohio, Kentocky, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, or Hissouri by Basiroad direct.

The Ponnsylvania Central Bailread also connects at Pittsburg with steamers, by which goods can be forwarded to any portion the Ohio, Muskingum, Kentucky, Tonnessee, Cumberland, Illinois, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, and Red Bivers and at Cleveland, Sandusky, and Chicage with steamers to all ports on the Northwestern Lakes.

Merchants and shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to this Company can rely with conflicuoe on its speedy transit.

THE KATES OF FREIGHT to and from any point in the West by the Ponnsylvania Central Bailroad cref.

LIVESTOCK Drovers and Farmers will find this the most advantageous route for Live Stock. Capacions Yards, well watered and supplied with every convenience, have been opened en this line and its connections, and every attentien is paid to their wants. From Harrisburg, where will be found every convenience for feeding and rosting, a choice, is efforted of the PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, and BALTIMORK MARKETS. This will also be found the shortest, quickeet, and most direct route for Steck to New York—(via Allentowa)—and with fewer changes than any other.

ENOCH LEWIS, Ger'l Superintendent, Altoons, Pa. L. L. HOUPT, Gen'l Ticket Agent, Philadelphia.

H. HOUSTUN, Gen'l Freight Agent, Philadelphia, Janb dly

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD. 

OHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, CINCINNATI, AND CAIRO EXPERSS leaves Jeffersonville at 7.38 A. M. 2:46 F. M. FAST MXFRESS for Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicago, and the East.

MOTO F. M. NIGHT EXPRESS for St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and the East.

SEE Both Trains making connections for the East. ARRIVE AT JEFFERSONVILLE: 10:80 P. M. from Cincinnati and St. Louis. 3:00 A. M. from Indianapolis and Cincinnati. 1:40 P. M. from St. Louis, Indianapolis, and Cincin-

nati.
Both Trains making connections from the East
nati.
A. S. CROTHEES, Superintendent. PRESYLVANIA CRATRAL RAILROAD 

Louisville and Nashville Railroad,
It should be understood by those was
the administration of the Board is divided into swe
bepartments. Mr. B. Marshel is the Superintender
of the Transportation Department, and attends to all
matters relating to the movement of trains and the for
warding of freight and passengers, and Mr. Albert Fini
is the Superintendent of the Machinery and Boad Department, and is charged with the maintenance of the
road, machinery, rolling stock, and meditive power, and
the completion and reconstruction of the read, bridges,
etc. Both these officers are acting under the incurs
diate direction of the President and Board of Directors. Jane 6tt JAMES GUTHBIE, President.

ABNER COOPER. Commission Merchant, EUTTER. CHEESE. and WEST. ERN PRODUCE,

BUSINESS CARDS.

DAVID LOONEY. ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR at LAW. Col. Fry, Gel. Pope, Col. Pope, Col. Enrec, Col. Walker, Col. Wynkoor, Gol. Williams, Col. Sirwell, Col. Sedgwick, Col. Muudy,

WILL ATTEND TO ANY BUSINESS ENTRUST-V of to him in the Courts of Louisville or in the several Department at Washington, D. C. Court of the Office at Bell & Murdock's, 214 Main street. OLMSTEAD & O'CONNOR (Successors to Jos. Robe),

BUSINESS CARDS.

DEALERS IN PITTSBURG AND PETTONA CANNEL COAL, POMEROY COAL ORDERS FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE COALS

T AM PREPARED TO FURNISH BEGIMERTE or Companies with Camp Stoves, Camp Kettles, Plates, Army Cups, Knives and Forks, Spoozs, Can-teens, Mees Pans, Cots, Camp Stools, &c., on short ne-tice. P. M. JONES, o22 b12&jtf Fourth st., near National Rotel.

Officers' Camp Chest. THE MOST COMPLETE ABTICLE OF THE kind ever invented. Call and see it.
P. M. JONES
olz b224jif Fourth st., usar National Holes.

WOULD INVITE THE ATTENTION OF DEAL-Wers to his stock of these goods scapted for spring and surpriser wear, which are offered to the trade at Eastern manufacturers' prices. HOLYOKE & ROGERS,

TOBACCO FACTORS. 163 WATER STREET, NEW YORK, N.E. MILTON & OO., of Louisville, are our Agents, and will make advances on consignments to our ad-E. MILTON.

H AS AN IMMENSE STOCK OF CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, WHITE AND CHECK MATTING on
hand, which was bought previous to the recent large
advance, and which can be sold lower than the same
goods can now be purchased in the Eastern markets.
Come, one—come, all.
The above stock comprises some \$40,000 yards of Velvet, Brussels, Tapestry Brussels, and Ingrain Carpets.
Also in store a large and desirable lot of Shades,
Lace and Nottingham Curtains, Damask and Satin
DeLaines, in fact everything in the way of Steamboat
and House-Furnishing Goods. Produce and Provision Brokers COMMISSION MERCHANTS. 322 Main street, between Third and Fourth, and dom LOUISVILLE, KY. JOHN H. GRIFFITH.

COMMISSION MERCHANT. NOTICE.

P. ATKINSON, OF LOUISVILLE, KY. WILL

Pt. succeed to the business formerly done by we be
this city. We recommend him to patrons of former No. 312 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth.

> JACOB ANTHONY & CO., DEALERS IN PURE BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.

Foreign and Domestic Liquors And Manufacturers of No. 133 Fourth st., bet. Main and Water. augl9 dly

W. WYATT, UNDERTARDE, Combining beauty, durability, and lightness. Commining seatry, durability, and lightness.

SWOMEs corner Seventh & Jefferson, Louisville.

THE ABOVE CASKETS ARE MADE OF CORRUigated Sheet Metal and lined with Guita Percha or
India Rubber so as to be Air and Water Tight.

All orders promptly attended to.

dip def Demigros,
Pure Virginia,
Nachitoches,
Nachitoches,
Copenhagen. IMPROVE YOUR SIGHT! 200 200 200

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST ASSORMENT OF SPECTACLES, in gold, silver, and steel frames, at the OPTICAL STAND in the OPTICAL STAND in

L. A. CIVILL'S STORM.

431 South Main street, 5 doors above fifth st.

STORMAN OF THE CONTROL OF THE CON AGE BRATHI

N. B. A circular of prices will be sent on application april div CHINA, GLASS, & QUEENSWARE, TOBACCO AND CIGARS. SPUN COTTON AND BACON. A.LIEDER, Commercial Broker in Leaf and COAL OIL AND LAMPS, GREEN APPLES & DRIED FRUITS

Manufactured Tobacco and Cigars,
134 Water st. (corner of Fine), NEW YORK.
Tobacco and Cigars carefully selected for exportation. Dealers and Tobacconists will find it to their interest to call or communicate by letter. The best
brands in any quantity at lower prices than any other
18 d3m HENRY'S REPRATE OF BEFFE

SMOKING.

The Best Material now in use. All persons having TIN, IRON, or METAL ROOFS will find it to their advantage to use Coggeshall's Cement. STEAMBOAT and RAILBOAD MEN will find it to heir interest to call and examine our CANVAS GOOFS. Jefferson st., between Fourth and Fifth, Notice to the Grediters of F. G. Mur-

U.S. OFFICERS IN WANT OF MILITARY GOODS
TOULD DO WELL TO CALL AT J. I. DEFV PEN'S, northeast corner of Fourth and Market
streets, where they can find a choice assortment of
DEMSS and FATIGUE SUITS either for infanty or
Savsiry ready made, or by leaving their measure oan
have a suit made in a short time and in the best style
at a reasonable price. He has also a large assortment
of FORNISHING GOODS.

GRAYSON SPRINGS GRAYSON COUNTY, KY.
THIS WATERING-PLACE WILL BE OPENED

HERMETICALLY SEALED GOODS 1 OBACCO— 80 boxes McNair's No. 1 ½ 1b Manufactured; LUMP TOBACCO—
35 boxes Peerless do do, 4 lb lump;
In store on consignment and for sale by FRUITS, VEGETABLES, MEATS, SOUPS, & GAME No. 518 Main st., between Third and Fourth.
Louisville, May 5 1863.—dif

MAMMOTH CAVE.

I ONG BOUTS CAN NOW BE MADE, AND victors can enjoy a nice sail on Lake Lethe and Reho Biver and explore this immense subterranean wonder. Hotel open for the reception of guests. Take Louisville and Nashville Ballroad—stop at Cave Giv, where good coaches leave for the Cave and return, making close connections with every train, is diw. stard, Pressed Hops, Pulverized Herbs, Cecea, Checelate, Tapleca, Sage, Hominy, Samp, &c., In lots to suit Shippers and Dealers.

Wholesale

We have already received a full assortment of STRAW GOODS, FLOWERS, RUCHES, LACES, RIBBONS,

OTIS & CO..

516 Main st., bet. Fifth and Sixth, Louisville 405 Broadway, New York. Ladies' Dress Goods. WE HAVE NOW IN STORE OUR FULL SPRING stock of the above Goods, viz: SADDLES, HARNESS Broche Berege Grenadines;
Do Silk do;
Mozambique Bobes;
Broche, plaid, and plain Mozambiques;
Organdies, Lawns, and Muslins;
8-4 black Berege Grenadines;
Embroidered Sots of new styles;
TIO GOODS.
MARK & DOWNS. COLLARS, TRUNKS,

SAM'L BAKER'S Saddlery Warehouse, 609 MAIN STREET, One door above Louisville Hotel

jan28 dly

SOAP-125 boxes Rosin Soap in store and for sale by GARDNER & CO. A In store and for sale by MOCK, WICKS, & CO. STAGG'S HAMS-200 Stagg Hams for sale by HIBBITT & SON.

The philosophers who declare that "cotto

with the brand of inferiority.

We find nothing in the world's history to warrant the conclusion that there has ever been any difficulty in producing with weol, flax, and silk, every fabric required for comfort or convenience, in the highest state of civilization and refinement. In the preschedent

no longer consign goods to this market and compete with the home production. We have heretofore been largely dependent upon England for blankets and other heavy woollens. The protection given by that gov-ernment to wool-growing has enabled them to produce these goods cheaper than it could be done here; but all this is now changed, and to-day we find those who have heretofore been importers of this class of goods buying up heavy woollens for the reason that they can no longer be imported with profit. For past we have been supplied with broade from Europe, but now it is believed that our own manufacturers will produce these goods successfully in competition with the famous productions of "Biolly" and "Simonis." We never read a threat of burning cotton that the reflection does not cross our minds, "what an increased demand that will produce for wool and worsteds," and we advise our Western

been burned, to buy more sheep.

In most parts of the Northwest the majority

The influences we have named have prevented the farmers from accumulating prerty as rapidly as they would otherwise h

Grading, Paving and Curbing of Side. walks.

RAST SIDE Feet. In.

Sealed proposals will be received at the City Engineer's office until Tuesday, July 14, 1863, at 12 o'clock A. M., to execute the following To complete the grading and paving of the Portland wharf.

To grade, pave, and curb Keller street, from Beargrass Oreek to Shelby street.

To dig and wall a cistern (of the capacity of 200 bbls) at Fifteenth and Walnut streets.

ARMY HATS. 225 Main st., bet. Second and Third

WM. F. OSBORN'S.

Arise Kentuckians! DEFEND YOUR HOMES.

Rally, Kentuckians, Rally

Battery of Artillery, for 12 menths' service, for the defense of the border service, for the defense of the border the United States service. Toung men, come up and volunteer, and prove yournelves worthy of your neble old State—light the enemy that is in arms for the destruction of your Government, the best Government upon earth, the great monment erected to the memory of Washington, the illustrions champlen of liberty, which must not and never will be tern down. This war will certainly be prosecuted by the Government until this horrid rebellion is put down, and if you do not volunteer, you will be taken by draft and conscription. But de not permit future history to proclaim that Kentuckians were drafted to protect their own State from destruction by so insolent a fee, from whem nothing can be expected but anarchy, misery, and ruin.

Pay from thirteen to twenty dollars per month, and will be mustered in as soon as enlisted and receive one months' pay in advance.

JNO. W. NEVILLE, Captain.

The 51st Reg't of Infantry, Ky. Vols., FOR 12 MONTHS, TO BE COMMANDED BY CAPT.

JAS. THOMPSON, 2d Regiment of

Artillery United States Array, and to

be drilled, &c., as Heavy Artillery. of form part of the permanent garrison of the Field ortifications of this State, by authority from the overnor, and with the approval of the Department

T. B. CAMPBELL, Capt. & Recruting Officer.

isted man.

66 Office hours from 9 o'clock A. M. untij 4 o'clock

M. HENRY G. WALTER,

jl0 dlm 2d Lieut. 4th Ky. Cav. Recr. Officer. IN PURSUANCE OF ORDERS NO. 117 HEAD-quarters District of Western Kentucky, the Commission, of which the undersigned is President, will examine all cases of contraband or captive negroes in the district comprising the counties of Jefferson, Oli-ham, Shelby, Spencer, Bullitt, Nelson, Washington, Meade, Hardin, Larue, and Breckinridge. All parties in said counties having such contraband or captive negroes in their possession will immediately report them to the Commission at Provost Marshal's Building.

CHARLES RODGERS.

down.

JOHN W. BUCKMAN

Is about 5 feet 11 inches high, 23 years of age, weighs near 145 pounds, slim built, light cemplexion, light hair, light blue or grey eye, leng features, shows his teeth when in conversation, his upper teeth are large and long, has a pale lock from long confinement in prison, has a good suit of hair but scarcely any beard, if any, it is light and sandy. Wore when he loft, dark cassimere frock coat, light pants, grey shirt, low erewn black hat, waks erect. W. K. THOMAS.

jutf Jailer of Jeff. Co., Louisville, Ky.

J. R. WINBOURN & CO., Proprietors. j9 dlm Wholesale Grocers, DEALERS IN SUTLERS' SUPPLIES

Look Out! Good News for All! THE NEVE B. FAILING MADANE ISABEL.

SNELL is the best. She succeeds when all others have failed. All who are in trouble; all who have seen unfortunate; all whose fond hepes have been infortunate; all whose fond hepes have been inappointed, crushed, and blasted by fails promises and deceit—all fly to her for advice and satisfaction. In love affairs she never fails. She shows you the Beeness of your future husband or wife. She guides he single to a happy marriage. Her aid and advice have been solicited in innumerable instances, and the cault has always been the means of severing a special.

result has always been the means of securing a speedy and happy marriage. She is therefore a sure dependence.

It is well known to the publis at large that she was the first and she is new the only person in this country who can show the likeness in reality, and who can give entire satisfaction on all the concerns of life, which can be attested and proved by thousands, both married and single, who daily and eagerly visit her. To all in business her advice is invaluable. She can foretel, with the greatest certainty, the result of all commercial and business transactions. Madame Shell is abone Ade Astrologist that every one can depend upon. She is the greatest Astrologist of the nineteents century. Some iadies may be a little timid, though they need not fear, it is she practises nothing but what is reconcilable to pallesophers; in fact a single visit will satisfy the most fastidious of her respectability, moral rectitude, and of the purity of her profession and practice. All interviews are strictly private and condidential; therefore come, one—come all.

MEF Prices reduced to suit the times. Ladies one dollar; gentlemen two dollars.

P. S.—hindame Shell will tell the names and ages of all visitors, and will alse cast their Herodoope and give them their nativity, also tell the place where they will be most fortunate. Every person who cannot get along in this world, and has bad lack, she wild be in opinion of his future prospect in life.

MEF member the place, 508 Eighth street, zecond doer above Grayen street.

Office hours from S. M. to 6 P. M.

P. S.—Madame Shell would inform her friends and the public that she has just published an Astrologiosl Book by which every one can tell their own forme, and which every one can tell their own forme, and which every one can tell their own forme, and effectual means of preventing conception, and will also cast the different ways of telling fortune, a variety of Parlor Magio and also a safe, sure, and effectual means of preventing conception office. To Eight his treet.

OF AND AFTER TUESDAY, AFRIL 21, 1863, PASLonisville) as follows:
8:45 & M. OHIOAGO EXPRESS (daily except Sundays), making close connections at Mitchell with
O. & M. Railroad for St. Louis, Catro, and the West,
arriving at St. Louis at 10:50 P. M.; connesting
also at Greencastic Junction with T. & R. Railroad
East and West, and at Lamyette with T. & W. Bailroad East and West, and Michigan City for Claicopy and Detroit.

read East and West, and Michigan City for Calcage and Detroit.

S:20 P. M. ST. LOUIS NIGHT EXPRESS (daily), reaching St. Louis at 16 A. M. and Cincinnatiat 5 A. M. This Train also makes close connection for Chicage and the Northwest. Returning, leaves 8t. Louis at 7 A. M. and 4:5 P. M., making immediate connections at Mitchell with South bound train, erriving at New Albany at 8:00 P. M. and 6:50 A. M.

NOW FOR THROUGH TICKETS and forther information apply at the GENERAL RAILEGAD OFFICE southwest corner of Third and Main streets, Louis wills, Ky.

mar 24 dtf JAMES FERRIER, General Ticket Agent. FREIGHT TRAINS leave Lexington on Tuesdays. Thursdays, and Saturdays at 5:00 A. M. Freight is received and discharged from 7:30 A. M. to 5 P. M.

J.G. MATHERS, 9-3" Through Tickets for Danville, Harredsburg, Orab Orchard, Somerset, Bichmond, Mt. Sterling, Winches-ter, Nicholasville, Georgetown, Shelbyville, and other towns in the interior for sale, and all further informa-tion can be had at the Depot in Louisville, corner of Jefferson and Brook streets.

3 dtf SAMUEL GILL, Superintendent. ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, FEBRUARY I, PAS-senger and Freight Trains will run through to Mashville without change of cars. Nashville without change of cars.

7 A. M. PASSENGER TRAIN FOR LUBANON, Perryville, Danville, Harrodsburg, Campbellsville, and Columbia daily except Sunday.

8 A. M. PASSENGER TRAIN FOR BOWLING Green, and Eussellville on Memphis Branch, and Franklin, Gallatiz, and Nashville on Mein Road.

5:30 A. M. WAY FERIGHT TEAIN FOR BOWLING Green and Memphis Branch.

8:30 F. M. THBOUGH FREIGHT TRAIN for Nashville. 5 A. M. THROUGH FEEIGHT TRAIN for Nach-7 A. M. FREIGHT TRAIN FOR LEBANON.

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Reopened. WE ARE NOW PREPARED to issue through
Bills of Lading to all points East via Baltimore
and Ohio Ealread, with guaranties against loss or
damage from military seleure whilst in transit oven
bodd road.

MOORHEAD & O.,
j6 dtf Agents, 116 Wall stress.

IN ORDER TO KEEP PACE WITE THE DE-mands of the travelling public, the managers of this popular route have added many improvements during the year 1862, and, with its connections, it will be found in all respects a FIRST CLASS EQUITE to all the Eastern cities. The track is stone ballasted and entirely free from dust. ### ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE LARGE REDUCTION IN PRICES OF FINE-CUT OREWING AND SMOKING TOBAC-COS, WHICH WILL BE FOUND OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY. SMOKING. (with close connections from Western Cities),

FROM PITTSBURG TO NEW YORK

PHILADELPHIA TO NEW YORK. FARE TO ALL POINTS AS LOW AS ANY BOUTE.

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH AND TRANSFERRED FREE.

particular to mark packages "VIA PENN'A CENTRAL R. B."
For Freight Contracts or Shipping Directions apply
to or address either of the following Agents of the ANY:
D. A. STEWART, Freight Agent, Pittsburg.
DIARKE & CO., Transfer Agents, Pittsburg.
H. W. BRÓWN & CO., Cincinnati, O.
E. O. MELDRUM & CO., Madison, Ind.
W. M. AIKMAN & CO., Evansville, Ind.
F. E. MOORE, Louisyille, Ky.
B. F. SASS, St. Leuis, Mo.
DUARKE & CO., Chicago, Ill.

ON & AFTER TO-DAY, MARCH 11, 1963, TRAINS on this Road will leave and arrive as follows: LHAVE JEFFERSONVILLE:

J. E. MOORE - - - - Freight Agent, Louisville, Ky. THEOUGH BILLS OF LADING TO EASTERS OF CITIES given at lowest rates via River to Pitsburg—Mail Line to Cinchnatl and via Jefferzenville All applications relating to the transportation of Freigh; Eastward to be made at the office, No. 142 Fourth street, up stairs.

north side, nearly opposite Bank of Louisville.

CASH PAID FOR FEATHERS, LARD, WHITE
Beans, Dried Fruits, Ginseng, and Beeswax.

Orders for any goods in the city promptly filled.

o29

CASH PAID FOR FEATHERS, LARD, WHITE

Orders for any goods in the city promptly filled.

o29

Cases Indian Queen 4(bs black sweet Tobacco; 100 "Pickett 4dbs ""

600 boxes common bright lbs ""

FILL WOUR ALBUMS Cartes de Visite Gen. Rousseau, Gen. McCock, Gen. Shoeptf, Gen. Johnston. Gen. Legley, Gen. Wood, Gen. Thomas, Gen. Nelson, Maj. Flint, Dr. Clif.

T. W. RIEAD

Fire and Barglar Proof Safes,

Green street, epposite Coston-Rouse, LOUISVILLE KY.

BOOTS, SHOES, & HATS.

R.M.INGALLS

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Boots, Shoes, and Hats,

436 Main st., up stairs, bet. Fourth and Fifth sts., LOUISVILLE, KY.

CARPETS! CARPETS

No. 319 Main st.,

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A COM.
MISSION HOUSE and has taken the office No. as
Exchange Place, formerly ecoupled by HEWITT & CO.
O. W. THOMAS & CO., of Louisville, are my agent
in the West, and will make advances on consigning its

New York, Sept. 24, 1862. B. ATKINSON.

Established in 1760.

PETER LORILLARD.

SHUFF & TOBACCO MANUFACTURER

16 & 18 Chambers st.,

BROWN SNUFF.

YELLOW SNUFF.

otch, Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Seetch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, Fresh Scotch.
or Lundyfoot,

TOBACCO.

FINE-CUT CHEWING.

BY THE CASE ONLY,

Louisville, General Agents for the State of Mentacky,

They may be procured at retail of the following par-

Put up for Shipment to ANY CLIMATE.

Each Can Warranted.

OYSTERS.

BARTLETT'S LEMON BISCUIT.

196

XXX

Anti-Humbug Family Flour.

s. P. STREET.

D. C. BETTISON'S

Photograph Gallery

Main street, below Second,

Over Telegraph Office.

Orner Fourth and Jefferson sta

FOR SALE ONLY by
H. FREEQUSON & SOR.

194 Fifth street, one door north of Marka

BOGLE & DYER,

HEWITT & CO.

New York, Sept. 24, 1862.

FOR THE THE SALE OF

HANDTAONDERS OF

Rapie Vanits, Verandalis.

Fron Jails, &c.,

Dr. Cliff,
Col. Harlan,
And scores of ethers from all parts of the world, in cluding all the "fed" and a great many of the "unfed" inding all the second and distance can by enclosing one P. S. Persons from a distance can by enclosing one P. S. Persons from a distance can be enclosed by mail receive five pictures of oliar to our address by mail receive five pictures of by person or persons ameng our collection. marls dif

perior. Office No. 304 Third street, between Market sea Jeffercon, at Robb's old stand; and at No. 202 sound west corner Brook and Market streets. jew def CAMP EQUIPAGE.

JAMES HARLAN, JR. JOHN M. HABLAN. HARLAN & HARLAN, Attorneys at Law. FRANKFORT, KY.,

TILL PRACTICE LAW IN THE COURT OF V Appeals, in the Federal Courts hold on at Franket, Louisville, and Covington, and in the Circuit parts of Frankin, Heary, Owen, Shelby, Woodford, ercer, and Anderson.

Special attention given to 'the collection of claims, hey will, in all cases where it is desired, attend to the nesttied law business of James Harlan, deceased, orrespendence in reference to that business is remested.

General Commission Merchants

N. E. MILTON & CO., Adjoining Bank of Louisville,

> Feed, Preduce, Grain, Flour, &c., Consignments solicited. Orders filled.

APPLE, CIDER, & WINE VINEGAR. Improved Metal Burial Cases (Formerly 42 Chatham Street, New York), Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

Long, P. A. L., or plain, S. Jago,
No. 1, Cavendish, or Sweet, Spanish,
No. 2, Sweet Scented Croncoc, Caraster,
Nos. 1 & 2 mixed, Tin Foil Cavendish, Turkish. MAIN

TINWARE, &o. W. H. ORUTCHER, Ag't C. COGGESHALL'S THESE MOST POWERFUL AND EFFECTIVE A.B. SEMPLE & SONS

JOSEPH GBIFFITH & SON, Fifth street, near Main street, Louisville. DICKSON & GILMORE, Third street, near Main street, Louisville. Third street, how.

OHAS. H. BEADFORD,

New Albany, Indiana. phy.

PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST F. G.

MURPHY are hereby notified to file the same before me by the 20th day of July next.

WILLIAM JOHNSON,

Assignee of F. G. Murphy.

Eardstown, April 16, 1862—d3m\* WELLS, KELLOGG, & CO., Evansville, Indians. Duplicate Springs and other parts of the Rife can be btained from, and all needed repairs made by DICKSON & GILMORE,
Third, near Main street, Louisville, Ky. mar7 d&wtf O. F. WINCHESTER, Pres't N. H. Arms Co.

FEOTICE.

If AVING BOUGHT OUT ME, JACOB KELLER'S interest in the HIPE and TALLOW business, we solicit the patronage of the customers of the old house, and can be found at our Steve-house, ill Main street, south side, between First and Second. The business will be conducted under the naise and style of HOLT & TAYLOB.

Mr. Wm. Maxoy will attend to the receiving of Hides and Tallow, as usual, at the Factory.

HOLT & TAYLOR. COUNTRY BUTCHERS and DEALERS IN HIBE-on us before selling. We will at all times give the on us before selling. We will as highest cash market price.
HOLT & TAYLOR, 111 Main st. gion, with good and comfortable accommodation for 200 visitors; and the proprietor piedges himself to furnish his table with the best the country affords, and, having a good garden and plenty of rurar ice, hopes to give satisfaction to all who may try these waters. Charges to suit the times, and moderate.

25 Persons will find Mr. Arthur at Elizabethtown, Ky., ready to furnish conveyance to this place.

M. P. OLARKSON, Proprietor.

Grayson Springs, June 4, 1863—d2m TANNERS AND DEALERS IN LEATHER will find it to their interest to call on us when visiting HOLT & TAYLOR. 111 Main at.

STRAMED-FRESH, SPICED, AND PICKLED MANUFACTURED TOBACCO-75 boxes Tobacco or sale by

518 Main, between Third and Fourth sts.

Louisville, May 5, 1863—dtf WING'S FARINA CRACKERS NOW IS THE TIME TO VISIT THE Constantly on hand a variety of Goods adapted FIRST CLASS CROCERS.

apri7 dem\* 83 Barclay street, New York. GEEN AND BLACK TEAS—A good assorting of Green and Black Teas in store and for sale by L. EISENMAN, white E. E. Corner Main and (Isomala)) at OTTER CREEK MILLS

SILKS, AND MILLINERY GOODS,

This is the House. Don't forget the Number

Our stock shall be replenished daily by expression our house in New York. We intend keeping a complete stock all strongs the season, and respectfully invite the trade to give us a call.

WHIPS, BITS & SPURS